

# **Beyond The Real**

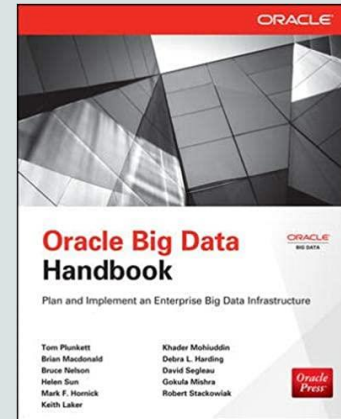
## **How Synthetic Data Fuels the Future of AI/GenAI**



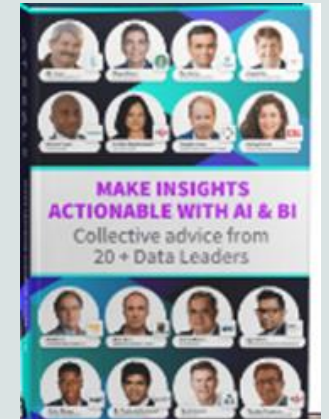
**Gokula Mishra**

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# Gokula Mishra



*Author*



*Contributor*

## Roles

- VP, Data Science & AI/ML (Former), Direct Supply
- Global Leader Data Analytics & Supply Chain, McDonalds
- Founding Editor: The CDO Magazine
- Keynote speaker CDOIQ Symposium (MIT)
- Chair Illinois Chief Data & Analytics Officer Forum

- <https://www.linkedin.com/in/gokulamishra/>



# Agenda

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The Data Bottleneck

The Rise of Synthetic Data

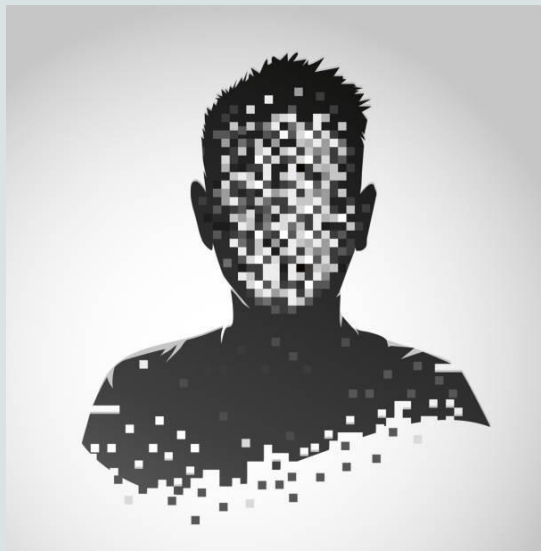
Unlocking the Potential

Q&A



# The Data Bottleneck

## Challenges of Real-World Data for AI/GenAI





# The Data Bottleneck

## Challenges of Real-World Data for AI/GenAI

### Inaccessibility



“By 2024, 75% of the Global Population will have Its Personal Data Covered Under Privacy Regulations.” Gartner

### Bias & Representation



### Quality & Quantity





# The Rise of Synthetic Data

Crafting Artificial Reality for  
AI/GenAI

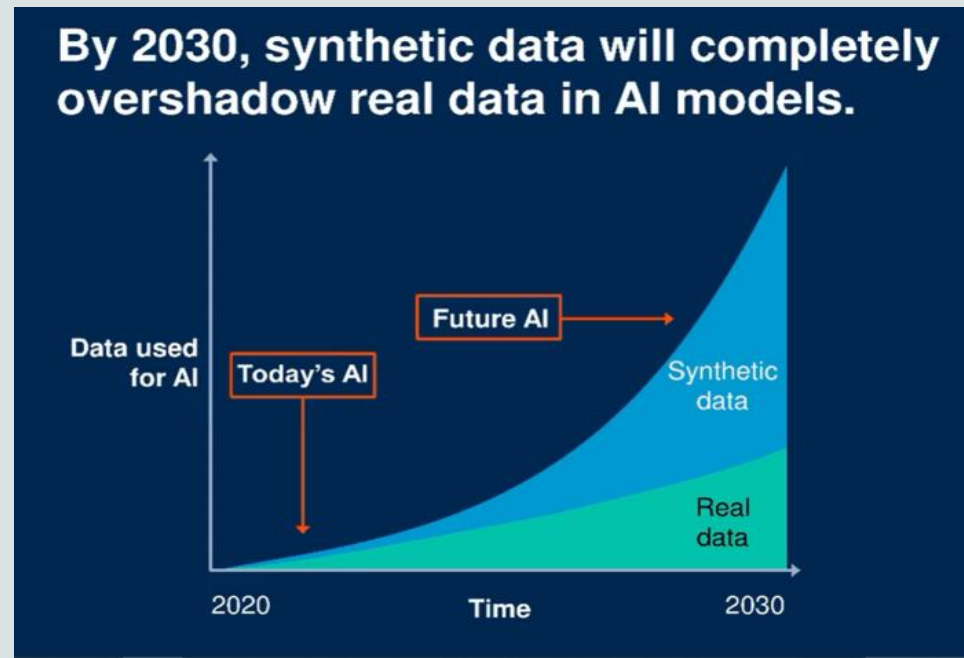
Overcoming Data Challenges  
and unlocking new possibilities

# What is Synthetic Data?

- Synthetic data is artificially generated, most of the time using real-world data collected from real-world events
- Now multi-modal synthetic data is created by advanced generative algorithms learning from real world multi-modal data samples
- Advantages:
  - Scalability: Easily scaled to create large datasets.
  - Privacy friendly alternative to real-world data
  - Offers flexibility in creating variations such as:
    - Lighting, poses in images
    - Filling missing pieces in photos and videos...
  - Flexibility: Allows for the creation of diverse and controlled datasets

# According to Gartner

- Synthetic Data is data that is artificially generated rather than obtained by direct measurement produced through algorithms that model the statistical properties of real-world data, enabling the creation of new, realistic datasets without compromising privacy or security.
- Gartner predicts that over 60% of data used to train AI models will be synthetic, highlighting its growing importance in various sectors like healthcare, finance, and retail data by 2024.





# Unlocking the Potential Applications of Synthetic Data in AI/GenAI Growth



# Use Cases

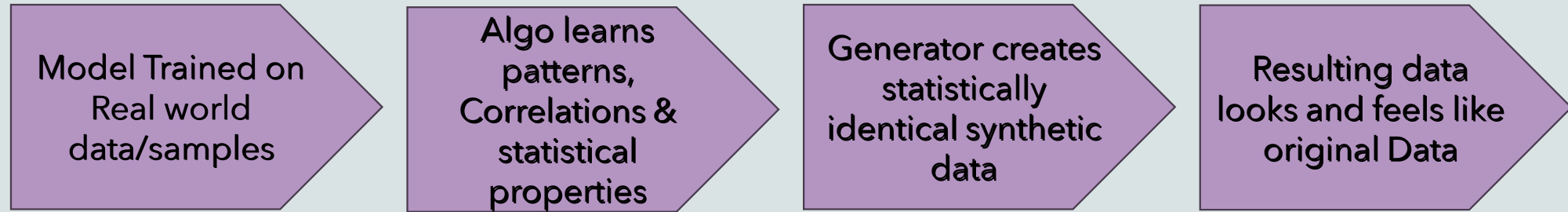
- Training AI Models in privacy-preserving environment
- Accelerating AI Development and Testing
- Improving Model Performance and accuracy
- Real World Data set augmentation
- Data Sharing and Collaboration
- De-identification
- Enhanced design and simulation in product development
- Training computer vision algorithm with synthetic images
- Help to find missing person



# Training ML Models

- **Autonomous Vehicles:** Simulates various driving scenarios for safer testing.
  - Face Recognition
  - Hands-on-wheel Detection
  - Drowsy Driver/Eye gaze on the road
- **Financial Services**
  - Simulation of economic conditions/market fluctuations to enhance risk & decision models
  - Simulate various financial fraud scenarios
  - Enhance trading algorithm
- **Life Sciences & Healthcare**
  - Clinical Trial: Simulation of patient data for initial testing phases and protocol development for clinical trial
  - Drug Discovery: Accelerates the creation of diverse datasets for training models.
  - Medical Imaging: Generates diverse medical images for improved diagnosis models
- **Real-World Success:** MIT Study on Synthetic Data
  - Study used 150,000 synthetic video clips for AI training[3]
  - Models trained on synthetic data excelled, especially with simpler backgrounds[3]
  - Demonstrated potential in enhancing real-world machine learning applications[3]
  - Addressed ethical and privacy challenges in AI development[3]

# Synthetic Data Generation Technology



- **Random Sampling and Noise Addition**
- **Rule & Constraints-based generation**
- **Generative Models** (such as GANs and VAEs): Generative Adversarial Networks (GANs) and Variational Autoencoders (VAEs), learn the underlying data distribution and generate new samples that resemble the original data.
- **Mixture Model and Interpolation:** Mixture models combine multiple distributions to generate data points. Interpolation techniques can also be used to create data points that lie between existing data points.
- **Data Transformation and re-sampling:** transforming or resampling existing data to create new instances. For example, in image data, you could apply rotations, translations, and other transformations to generate new images.
- **Markov Chain Monte Carlo (MCMC) Methods:** MCMC methods generate data sequences based on the transition probabilities of a Markov chain. These methods are useful for simulating sequential data or generating samples that follow a specific distribution.
- **Simulators and Simulations:** They generate synthetic data by modeling the underlying mechanisms. These methods are commonly used in scientific research and for simulating complex scenarios that are difficult to observe directly.

# Vendors

- **Synthetic Data Generation Market:**
  - 2023 was \$300 million
  - 2028 projected to be \$2.1B according to a [report](#) from MarketsAndMarkets.
- **Factors driving the synthetic Data Market:**
  - especially opportunities in heavily regulated industries
  - address gaps for testing and training performant AI models
  - Rapid growth in AI/GenAI products demand in corporations
- **Vendors:**
  - Zuno Synth by Cognida, Subsalt, Ydata, Tonic, Mostly.ai, Gretel, Datomize, GenRocket, Betterdata, etc.
  - Opensource products such as Synner, Datagene, mirrorGen etc...



# Challenges and Future Directions



- **Challenges**

- Ethical Considerations: Using Synthetic Data responsibly
- How synthetic data will be integrated into AI workflows & Real Data?
- Lineage of synthetic data before and after it is integrated
- Quality of synthetic data in multi-modal data landscape
- Being Sober – willing to experiment but not drink the Kool-Aid blindly
- Understanding the constraints & boundaries of technique used – especially multi-technique solutions inside a product
- Model collapse: Training on generated data alone could lead to a degradation of AI models. And hallucinate more often, fail to answer questions and performance would falter.



- **Future Directions**

- Innovations: Emerging technologies in synthetic data generation, and quality assessment
- Contributing to explainable AI and algorithm bias elimination
- Transforming how we approach AI research and application development
- Enabling data-driven innovation while prioritizing privacy and ethics

# Q & A

