The Journey from On-premise to the Cloud: Creating a Domain Data Store in a Contact Center

**Presented by:** 

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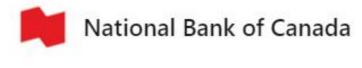
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- Development of business intelligence infrastructure to handle big data
- Design cloud computing solutions in AWS
- Advanced analytics and visualization

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What is the Cloud and how it Supports Analytics Infrastructure?



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# **Some Basic Concepts**

• What is this journey about? In simple terms:

Moving our data from an older "on-premise" infrastructure to a new "cloud" platform



Call system metadata



Workforce management



Performance metrics and client satisfaction

What is on-premise? (Existing)

When data is stored in our own hardware (typically inside our building) which we buy, maintain and upgrade.

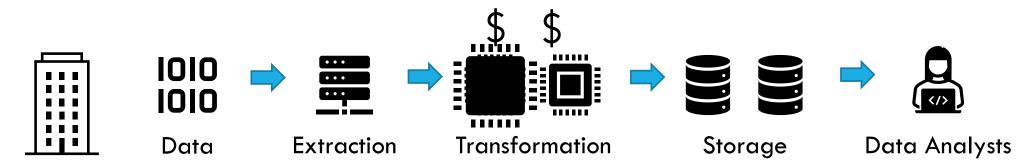
What is "the cloud"? (Proposed)

When data is stored in an external provider hardware, which they buy, maintain and upgrade. Typical providers are Amazon Web Services, Google Cloud and Microsoft Azure

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# Why using a Cloud Approach?

1. On-premise Storage and Compute



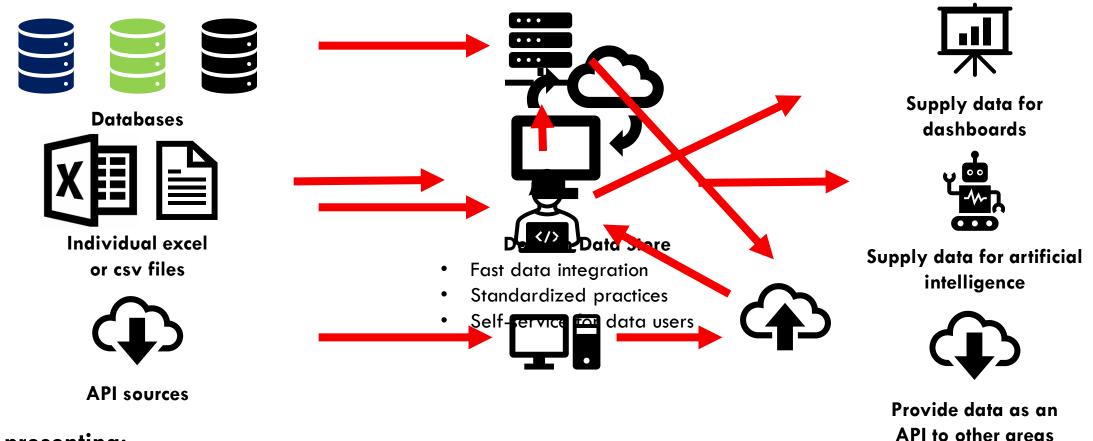
2. Cloud Storage and Compute



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# Why Doing this for our Call Center?

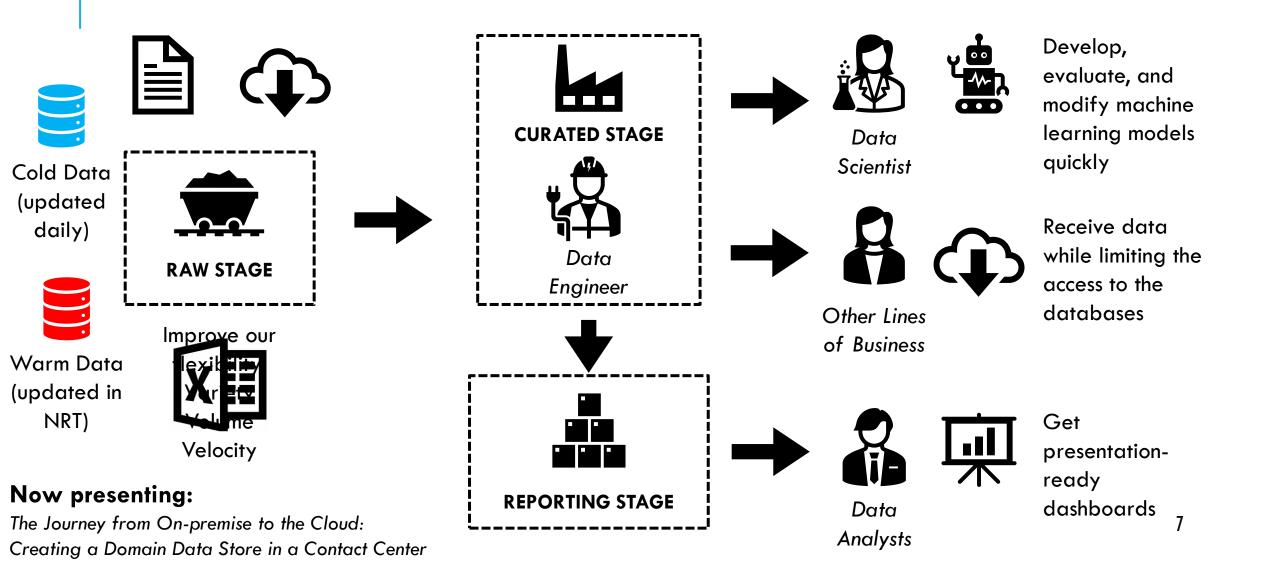
The cloud services enables a more flexible and dynamic platform for analytics innovation through the creation of a Domain Data Store (DDS)



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# Why is it Useful?

We have three stages to respond to our internal clients needs:



### How does it Work?

We use three core AWS tools (along many other support systems) to run our analytics pipelines:



AWS Simple Storage Service (S3)

- **Object** storage
- Super-high durability
- High scalability and availability



AWS Relational Database Service (RDS)

- Fully managed service
- Allows scaling, backup and recovery
- High throughput storage



AWS Glue

- Serverless data pipelines
- Extract, Transform and Load in a single service

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# How does it Work?

We use three core AWS tools to run our analytics pipelines:

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Clean data,

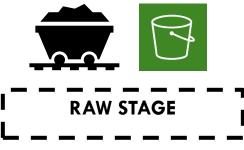
transform

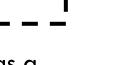
and apply

general

**business** 

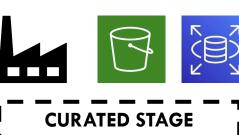
rules





- Stored in S3 as a data lake
- Structured, semistructured or nonstructured
- Hundreds of gigabytes per source

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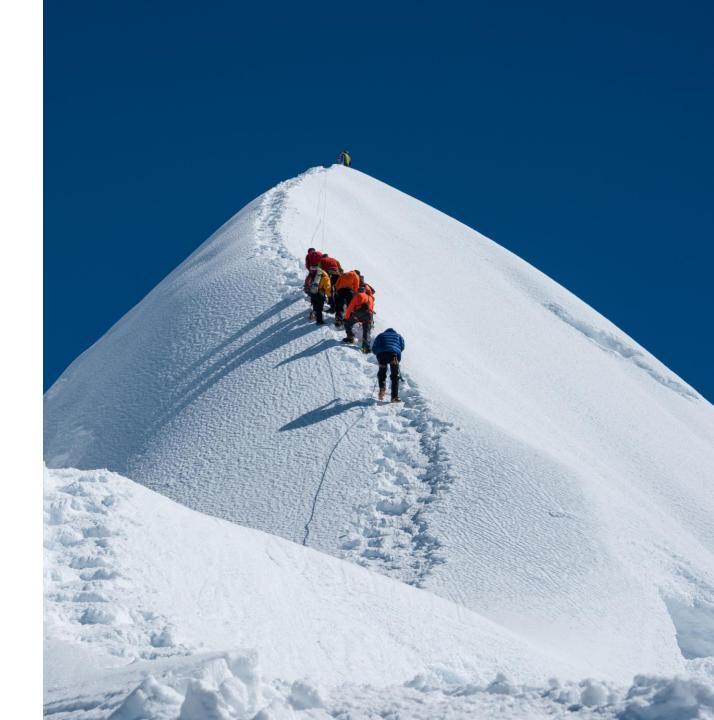


- Stored in RDS or S3
- Structured cleaned data
- Dozens of gigabytes per schema



- REPORTING STAGE
- Stored in RDS
- Use case data only
- Smaller tables
- High availability and resilience

# The Challenges to Move from On-premise to Cloud



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### What are the Potential Challenges?

Technical Issues: The variety of data sources and the compatibility with AWS tools like AWS Glue



- Native support in AWS
  Glue
- Native support for AWS Relational Database Service (RDS)
- Easy connect and adapt with other systems in AWS

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- Recently added native support
- Not really compatible with other services like AWS Database Migration Service (DMS)
- More complicated to connect with other AWS services



- × No native support
- May become very complicated to connect to other AWS systems

# What are the Potential Challenges?

Design issues: Trying to exactly replicate legacy on-premise systems in the cloud and use only out-of-the-box solutions.



Source Databases (1 Tb) aws



MMS/SIQLatonb-operationsel in AWS Relationsels Batabase Service (RDS) Cost per year for two instances: db.t3.large  $\rightarrow$  5040 USD db.r4.large  $\rightarrow$  7488 USD (memory optimized)

### I need:

- An analytical database
- Make occasional ad hoc queries for a few users
- Export daily reports to Excel or PowerBI

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Iceberg database hosted in **\$3**  Cost per year in two regions: S3 storage and Athena query→ <u>81 USD</u> (50 USD S3 storage)

(32 USD Athena query)

There is always a **BUT**:

Requires some degree of technological expertise in the team (e.g. Python or Scala programming)

# The Future Possibilities of a Cloud Infrastructure



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# **Adapting to the Future in Record Time**

• Automatization of manual tasks like generating reports or creating datasets (self-service)

 Implementation of Large Language Models (LLM's) directly on the solutions

 Enables rapid proof-of-concept and development in business intelligence and machine learning

 Modify the variety, speed and volume of your data at scale

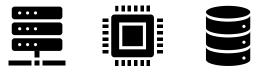
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# Main Takeaways

- 1. The use of Cloud Systems can improve data diversification, scalability faster innovation
- 2. Having a clear idea of what the final solutions should do could prevent many challenges (start by the end)
- 3. Future business needs and technologies will be applied more easily

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### Thanks for your attention! Questions?



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