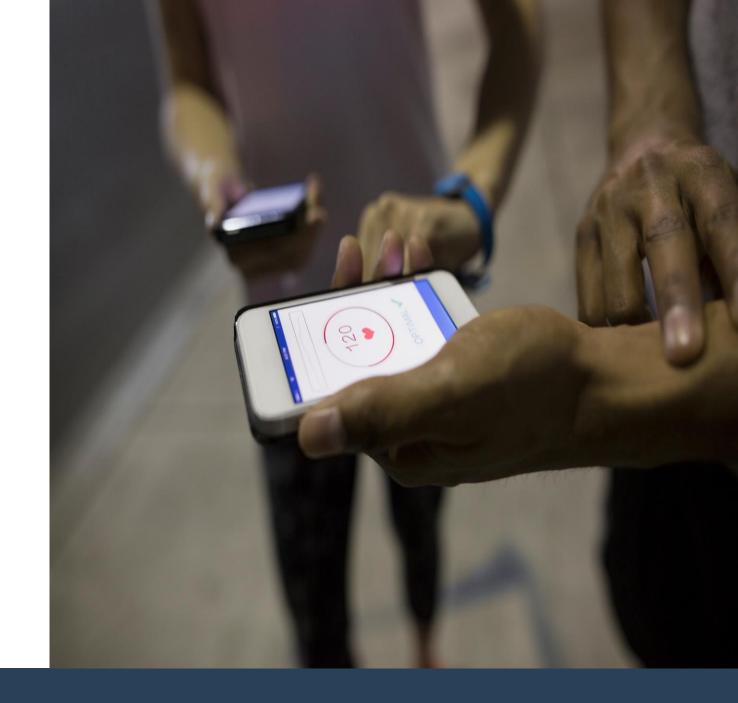
The NC DHHS Data Office: Foundational Pillars and Strategic Initiatives

> Jessie Tenenbaum, PhD Chief Data Officer, NC DHHS

> > September 2023

@jessiet1023





NC DHHS

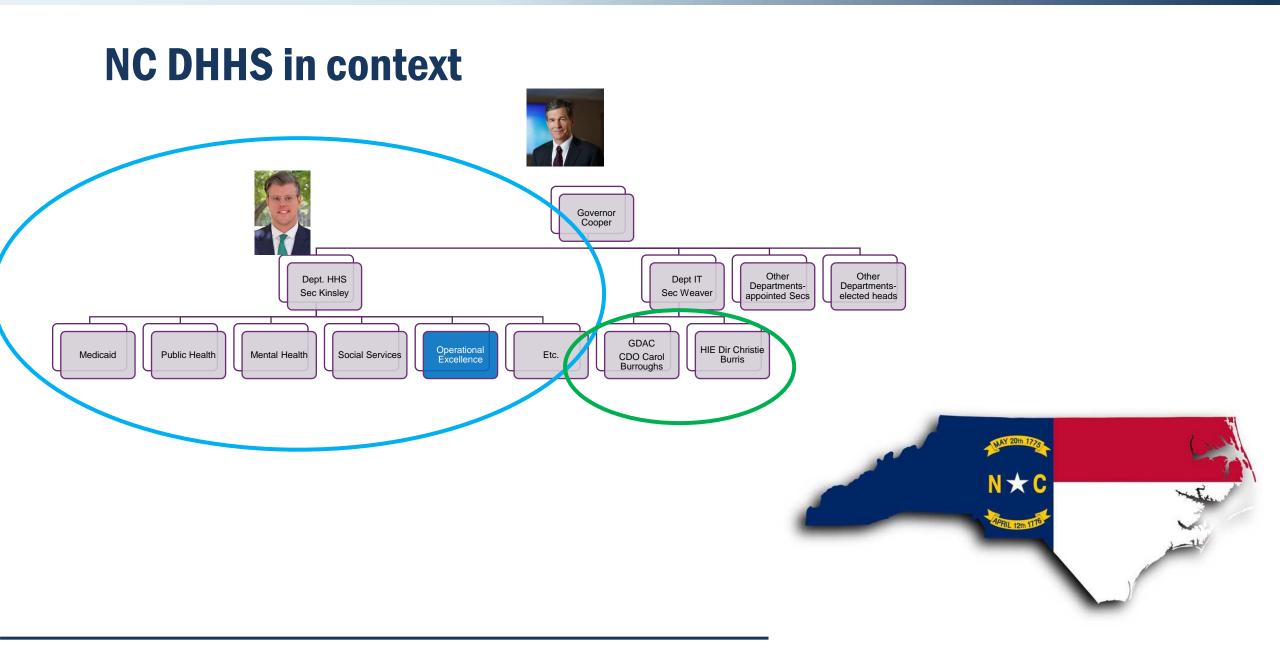


Sec. Kody Kinsley

NC Dept. of Health and Human Services https://www.ncdhhs.gov/

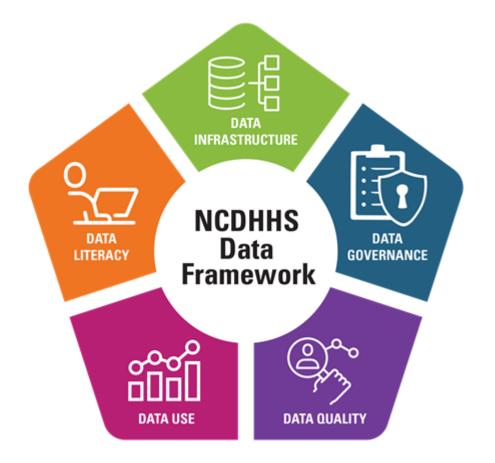
†**Ť**ŧ (? @ **Children's Services** Vital Records **Deaf-Blind Services Disability Services** ς Mental Health and Low-Income Services Medicaid **Pregnancy Services** Substance Abuse **Refugee Services** Aging and Adult Services Guardianship Veteran's Services





NCDHHS Data Office

- Established 2019
- Led by Chief Data Officer
- Drive Department-wide cultural transformation
- Data as 1st class citizen, strategic business asset
- Data strategy and roadmap based on 5 (now 4) data pillars

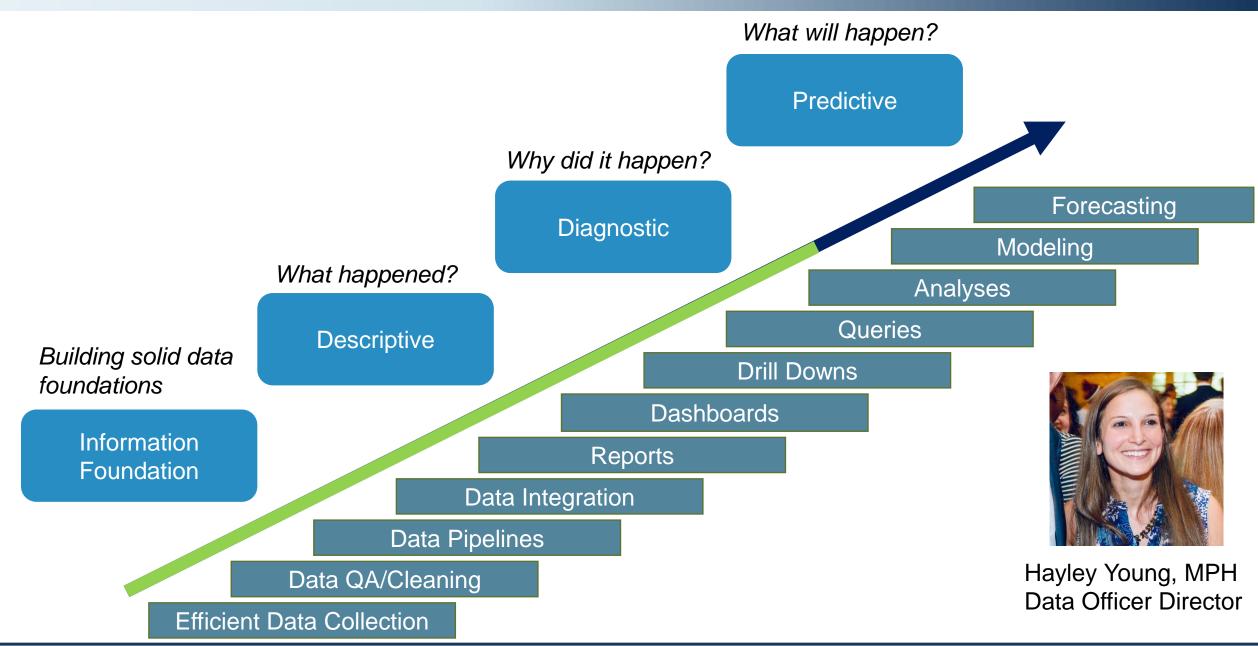


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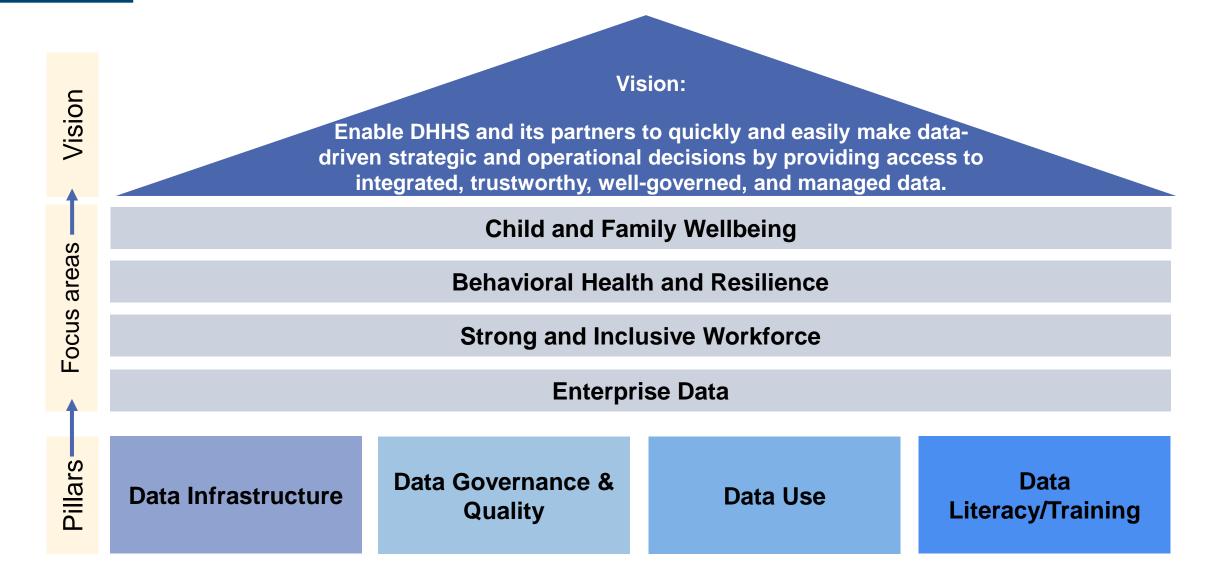
Data Strategy Framework

- Data Infrastructure: Technology used to store, exchange, and access data
- Data Governance: People, processes, and technology for data security, management, and access
- Data Literacy: Workforce training across all levels of baseline knowledge
- **Data Use:** Reports, visualization, and analysis

Moving from descriptive to predictive



DATA OFFICE VISION



Initiatives



Early Questions to Enable Data Driven Policy

- How many cases will we see? When will our "epi curve" peak?
- How much (extra) PPE is needed, and where can we get it from?
- Will we run out of hospital beds? ICU beds? Ventilators?
- Should we shut down bars and restaurants? Schools? Businesses?
- How can we support families who are unable to work (either because workplace is shut down, or childcare is unavailable)?



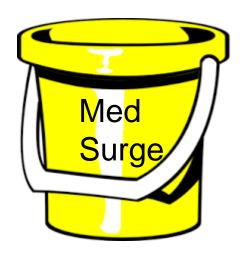
Buckets of NC DHHS COVID-19 Data





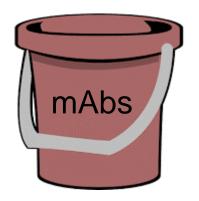




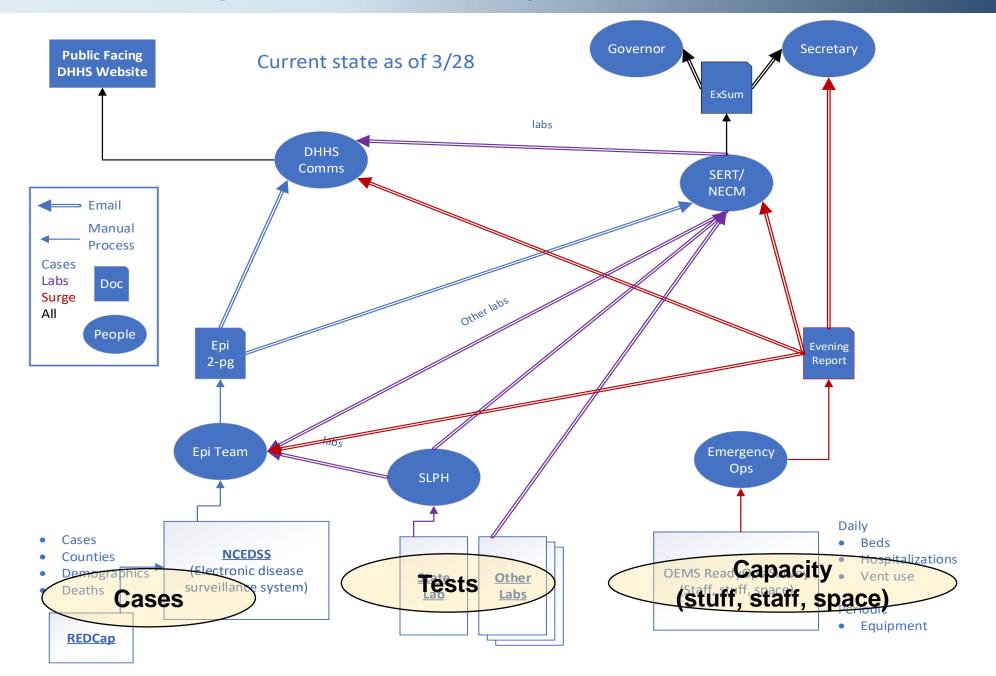




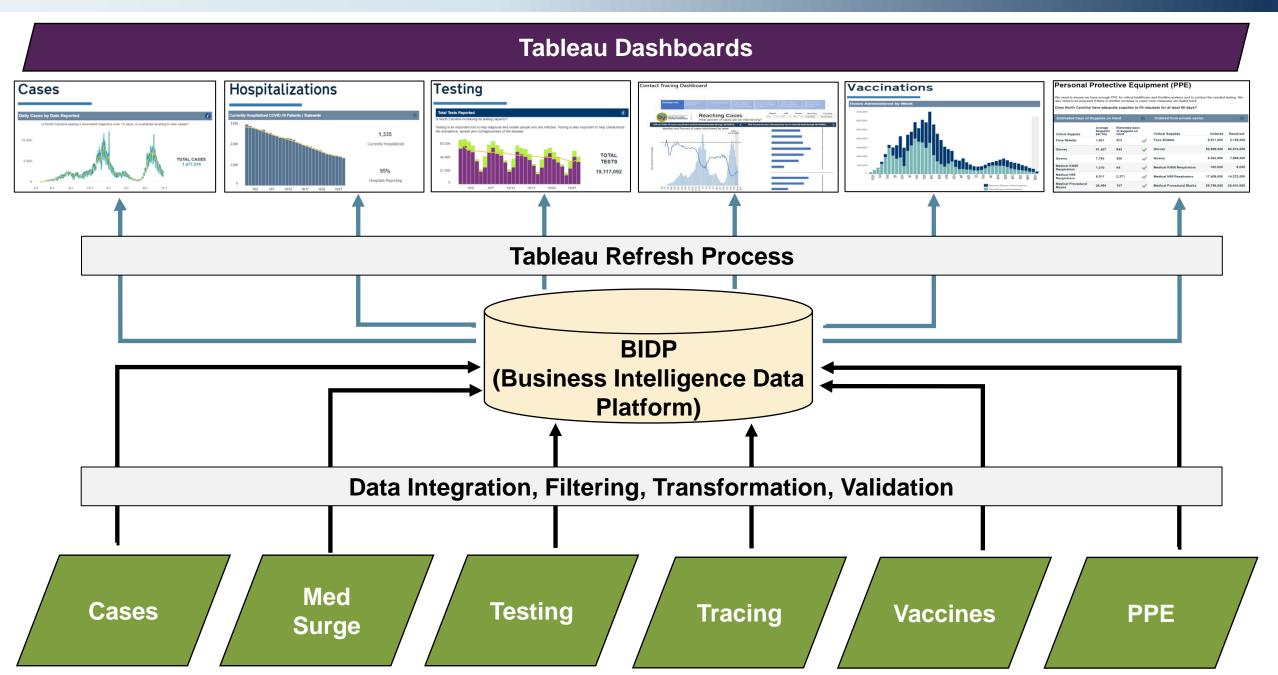


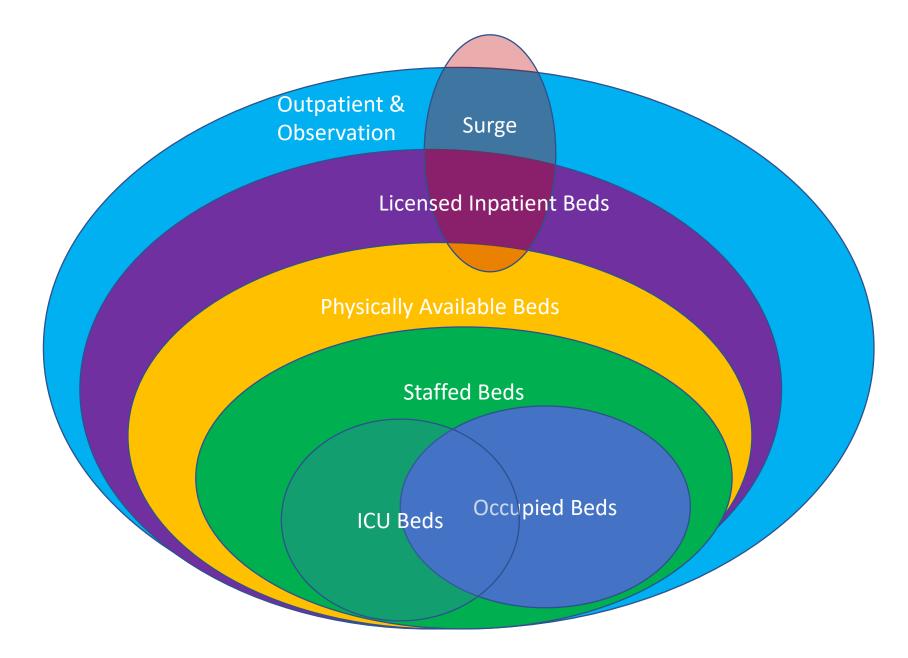


Baseline Data Flow (as of March 2020)



Today's Data Flow

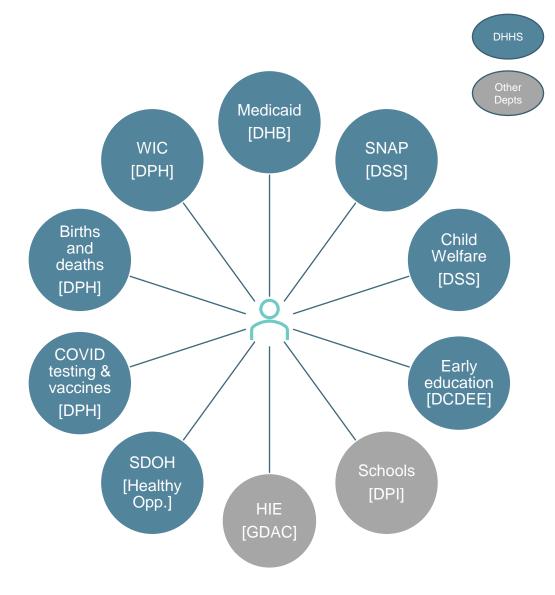




IDHub

Motivation: Whole Person Health

- Business Goal: the ability to link data between DHHS Divisions, and other Departments, to facilitate a "Whole Person Health" view of the people we serve.
 - Real-time individual level connect individuals with services
 - Aggregate analysis inform policy
- Requires the ability to integrate data across divisional silos
- Which requires ability to link records between systems



Motivating Questions (Examples)

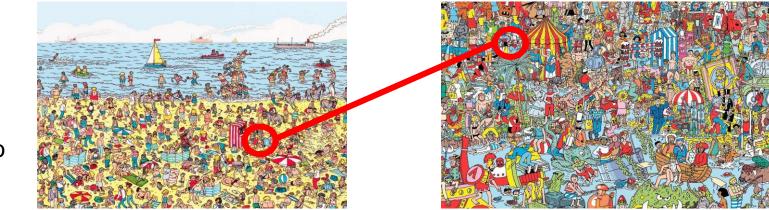
- What % of Medicaid beneficiaries have been vaccinated against COVID?
- Which children in foster care have prescriptions for >4 psychotropic medications?
- Who receives regular food assistance referrals and therefore may benefit from SNAP but is not enrolled?
- What % of people experiencing homelessness have been vaccinated?
- What is the relationship between early grade outcomes (e.g., third grade reading) and different early childhood conditions (e.g., early learning, health, housing, child welfare)?

In order to achieve Whole Person Health, need 2 things:

1. The ability to integrate data between divisional silos ("Data Integration")



2. The ability to identify and link the same individual from different datasets ("Entity Resolution")



ID: 123456 Name: Waldo

ID: 123456 Name: Waldo

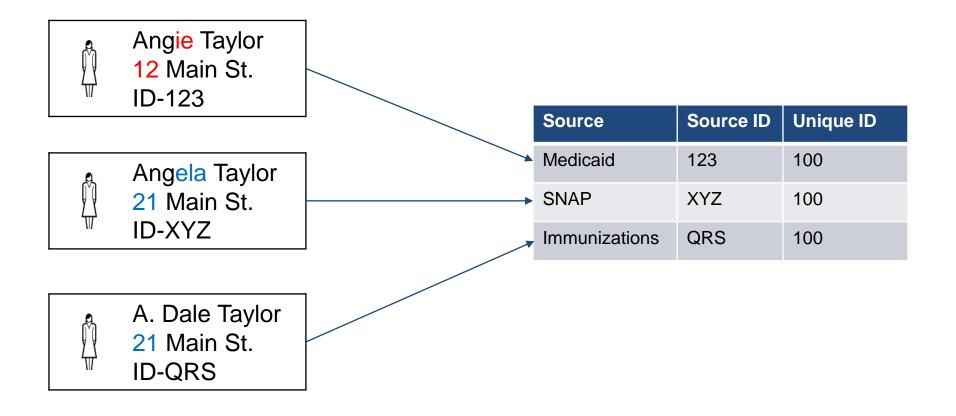
Options for "solving" entity resolution

- 1. Each system uses its own ID, probabilistic "fuzzy match" between systems as needed
- 2. One ID to rule them all
- 3. Somewhere in between
 - a. Multiple "standard" identifiers
 - b. Map them to each other!

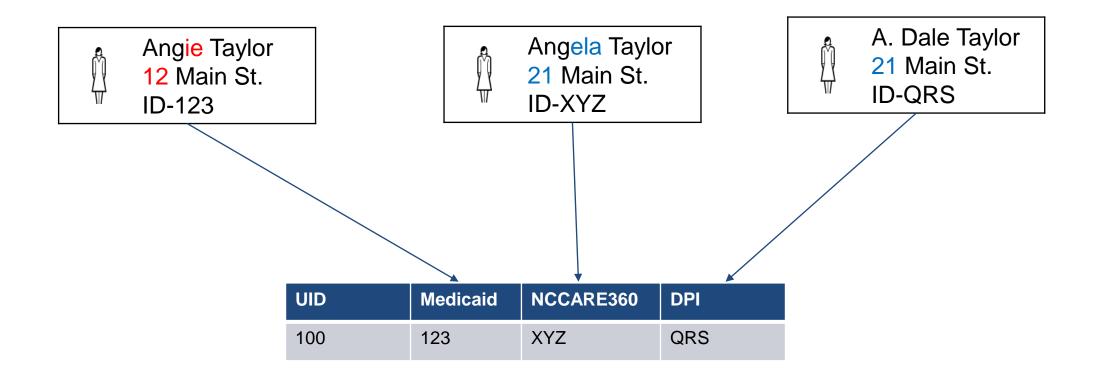


c. Refer to that mapping for efficient data integration

Map each ID to a universal unique identifier...



...enabling mapping each separate ID to the others



UIDs can (and do!) change over time

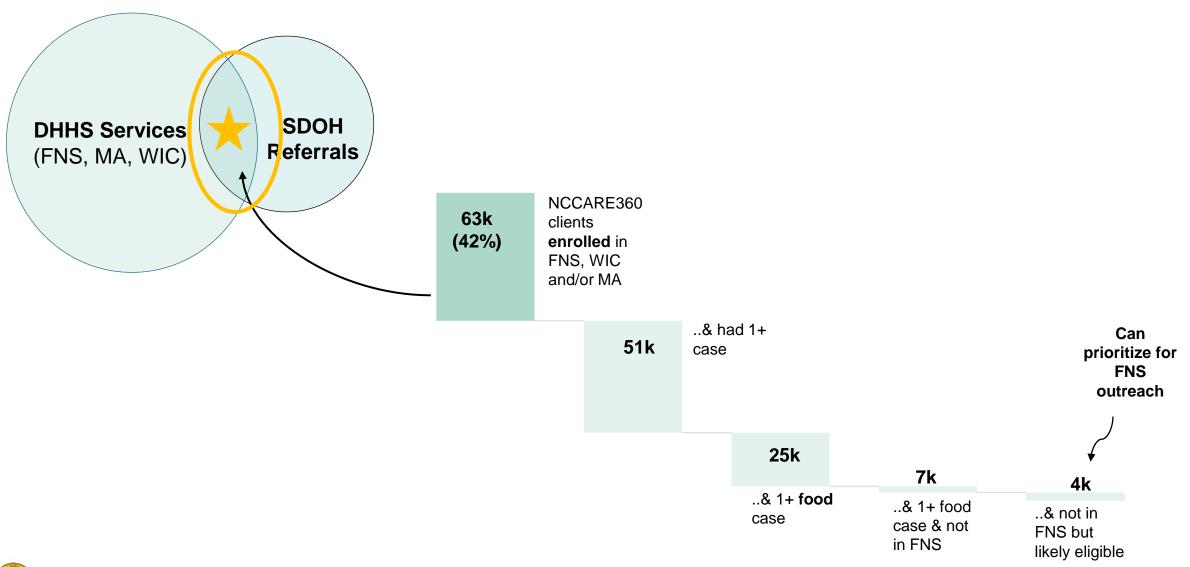
UIDs are frequently merged as more data are incorporated

JessieJessicaAddress AAddress BUID 111UID 222-111

Jessie Address B UID 111

 Splits (after a "false positive" match) far rarer and more challenging to handle

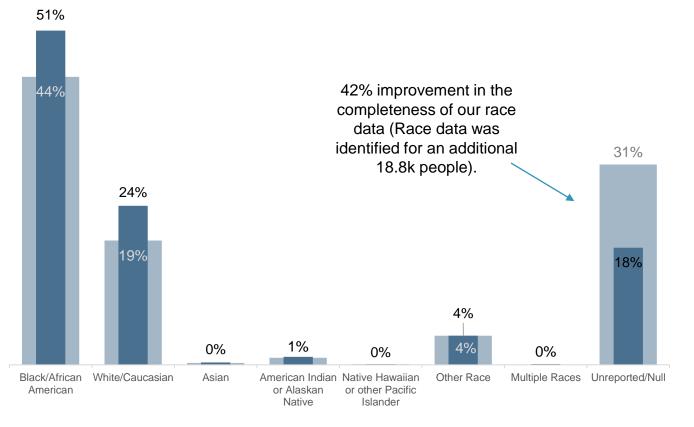
LINKING DATASETS FOR TARGETED OUTREACH



OTHER DIRECTIONS: DEMOGRAPHIC DATA ENRICHMENT

Enriched Demographics (Race)

Enriched Distribution



Overall Data Quality Improvements

- Unreported Races decreased by 42%
- Unreported Ethnicities decreased by 43%
- Unreported Gender decreased by 44%



Data Sharing Guidebook and Legal Framework





FOR SOCIAL POLICY

Amy Hawn Nelson

We now have metadata, processes, forms, roles, and improved data flow



https://www.ncdhhs.gov/about/administrati

ve-offices/data-office/data-sharing-

guidebook

NC DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

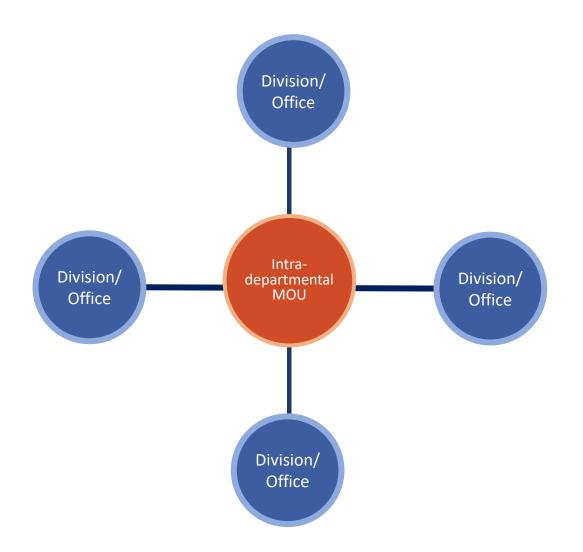
> Data Sharing Guidebook September 2021

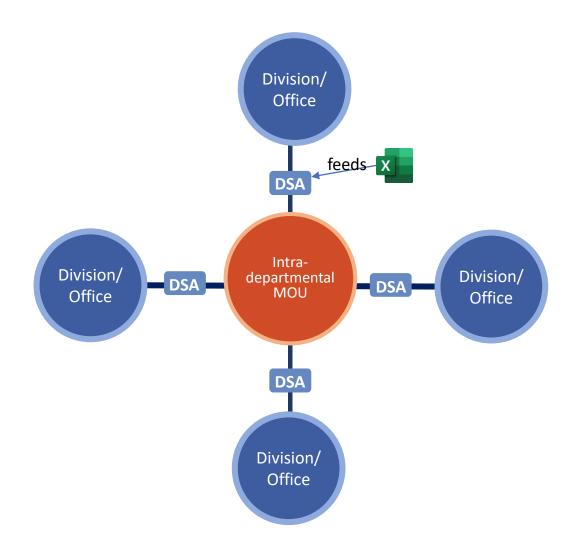
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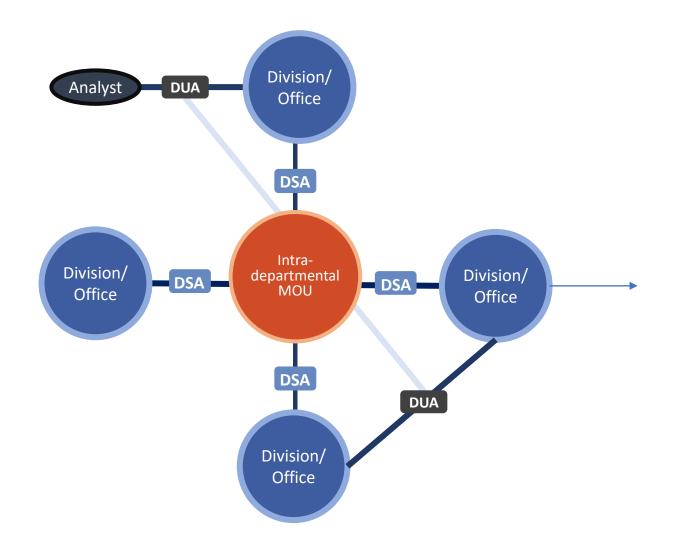
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Requesting Data from a NCDHHS Division or Office	5
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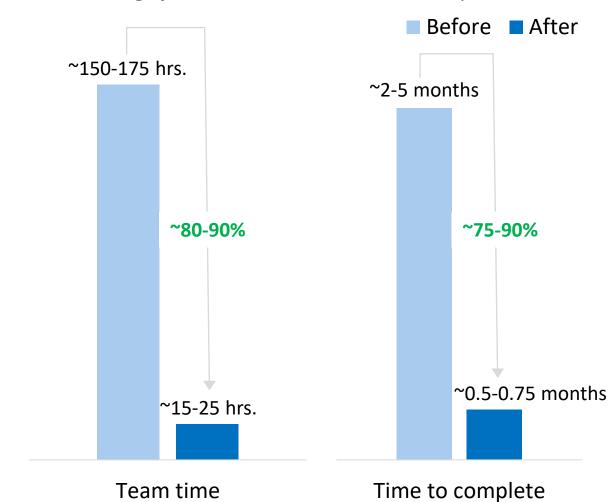




INTRA-DHHS DATA SHARING: BENEFITS OF NEW LEGAL / DATA GOVERNANCE FRAMEWORK

Key benefits

Clarifies requirements and guidelines 1. (e.g., who the permitted signatories are) 2. Provides approved language & **templates** for agreements, preventing rework while also mitigating risk Saves team time & effort for business 3. and legal, often by not requiring an additional Data Use Agreement Gets to data insights & program action 4. faster, given quicker time to completion



Time savings per use – estimated median experience*

*Use cases that do not fit into DSA or are external to DHHS may be outside of this construct and require more time

Illustrative

Automated surveillance of behavioral health holds

HOSPITAL BASED MANUAL REPORTING OF BHH VIA APPRISS OPENBEDS

- Behavioral Health Hold reporting was Implemented in COVID ED reporting, dating back to 2020
- Facilities submit daily behavioral health hold counts
- Milestone: 100% of facilities have reported BH Holds (n=108) as of late April
- Average daily behavioral health hold counts trending upward, ~ 333 per day





REVIEW OF DATA SYSTEMS FOR CAPTURING BEHAVIORAL HEALTH HOLDS

Appriss Open Beds Reporting

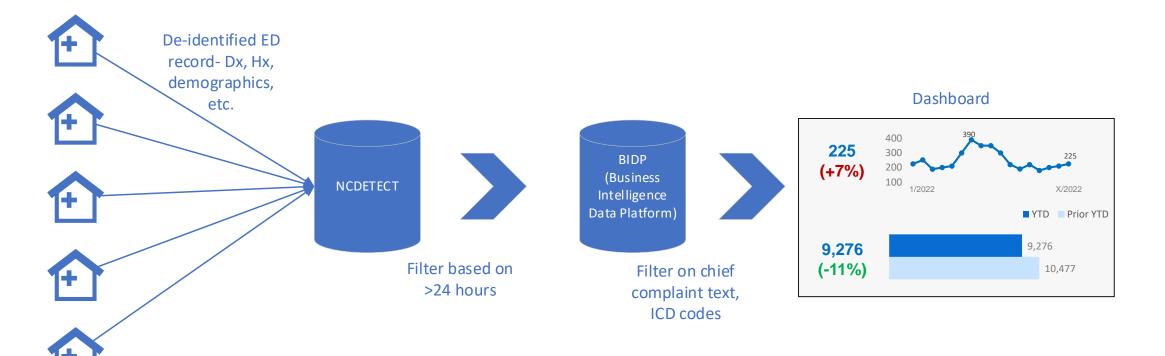
- Self Reported Counts
 - Focused, but inconsistent measurement
- Spun up during COVID response and may not be sustainable
- Limited visibility into patient demographics and community burden

NC DETECT (ED Encounters)

- Systematic collection of encounter data
 - Case definitions offer consistency in selection criteria
- ED encounter-level granularity provides basis for estimation of trends and population measures



BH Holds from Surveillance Data Overview



100+ EDs across NC

NCDETECT = NC surveillance system of ED's, e.g. flu-like illness, COVID-like illness, etc.

NC DETECT DATA ON "LONG ENCOUNTERS"



- Beginning December 2022, data exchange began on Emergency Department encounters greater than 24 hours long
- Demographics (age, sex, race, ethnicity), diagnosis codes, chief complaint, disposition, ED arrival and discharge times

• ED Encounters over 24 hours encompass a wide variety of care situations

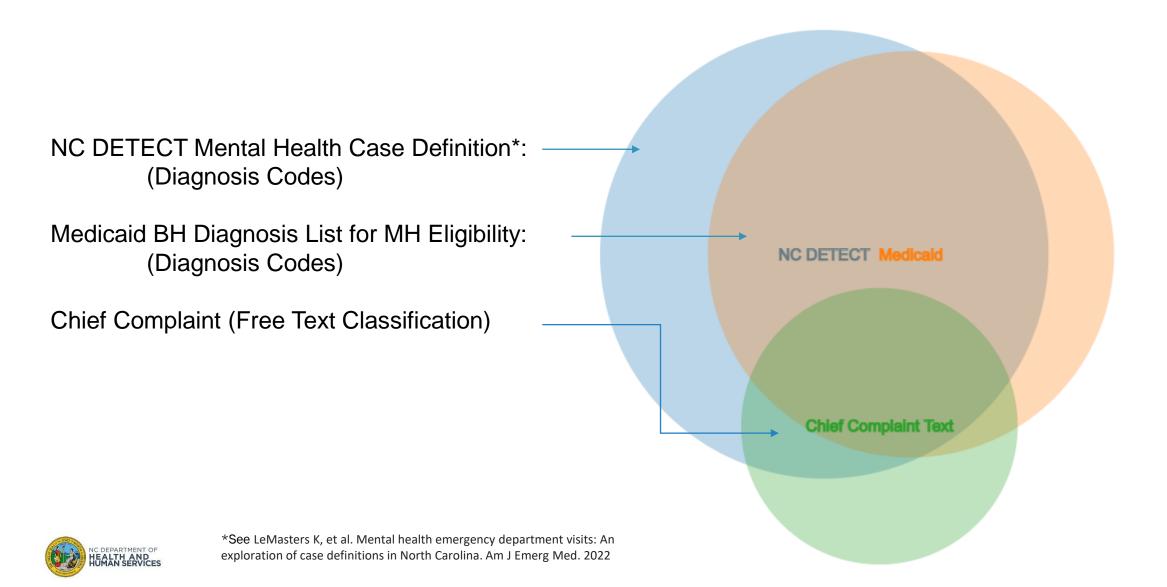
A case definition must be implemented to identify likely behavioral health holds

<u>ICD-10 Diagnosis Codes</u> and <u>Chief Complaint</u> provide this specificity

NC DEPARTMENT OF

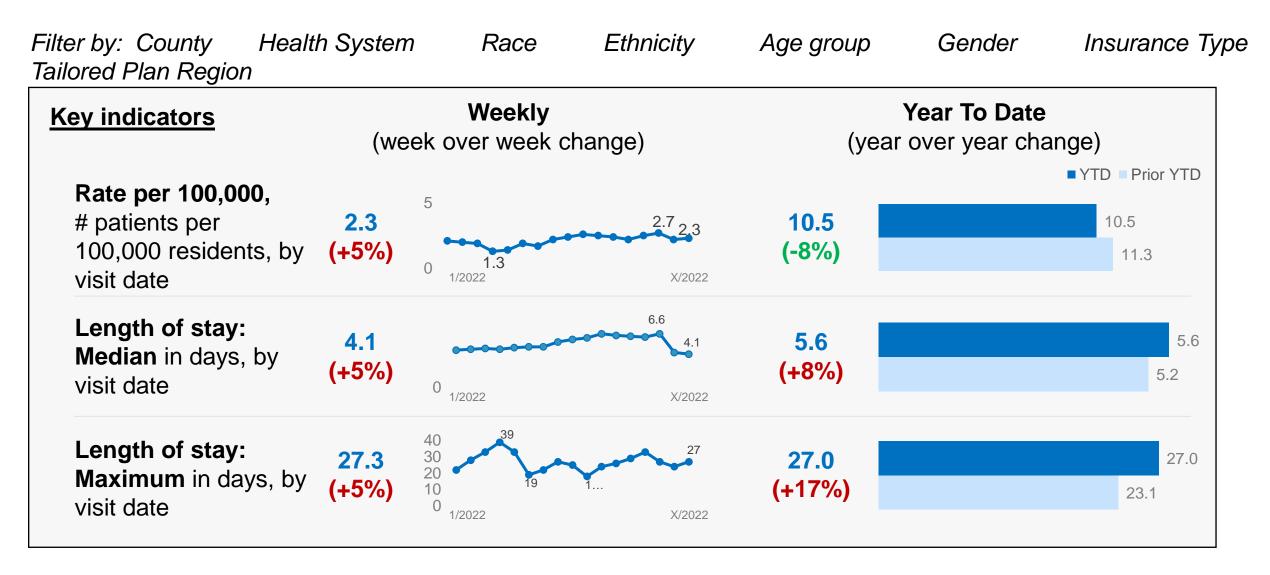
ICD-10 Diagnosis	Count of Encounters	Tem	Encounters Listing:
Suicidal ideations	7131	IVC	5158
Anxiety disorder, unspecified	2486	SI	3505
Depression, unspecified	2062	SUICIDAL	2473
Other psychoactive substance abuse,	1368	PSYCH EVAL	2385
uncomplicated		OVERDOSE	2073
Contact with and (suspected) exposure	1307	ANXIETY	1905
to COVID-19		BEHAVIORALHEALTHCONCERN	1706
Other symptoms and signs involving appearance and behavior	1272	IVC.	1571
Unspecified psychosis not due to a		PSYCHIATRIC EVALUATION	1461
substance or known physiological	1034	PSYCH	1387
condition		DETOX	1209
Encounter for general psychiatric	896	MENTAL HEALTH PROBLEM	985
examination, requested by authority		OD	919
Poisoning by unspecified drugs,	878	DRUG OVERDOSE	785
medicaments and biological substances, accidental (unintentional)		SI,	704
Schizophrenia, unspecified	806		

MENTAL HEALTH CASE DEFINITIONS



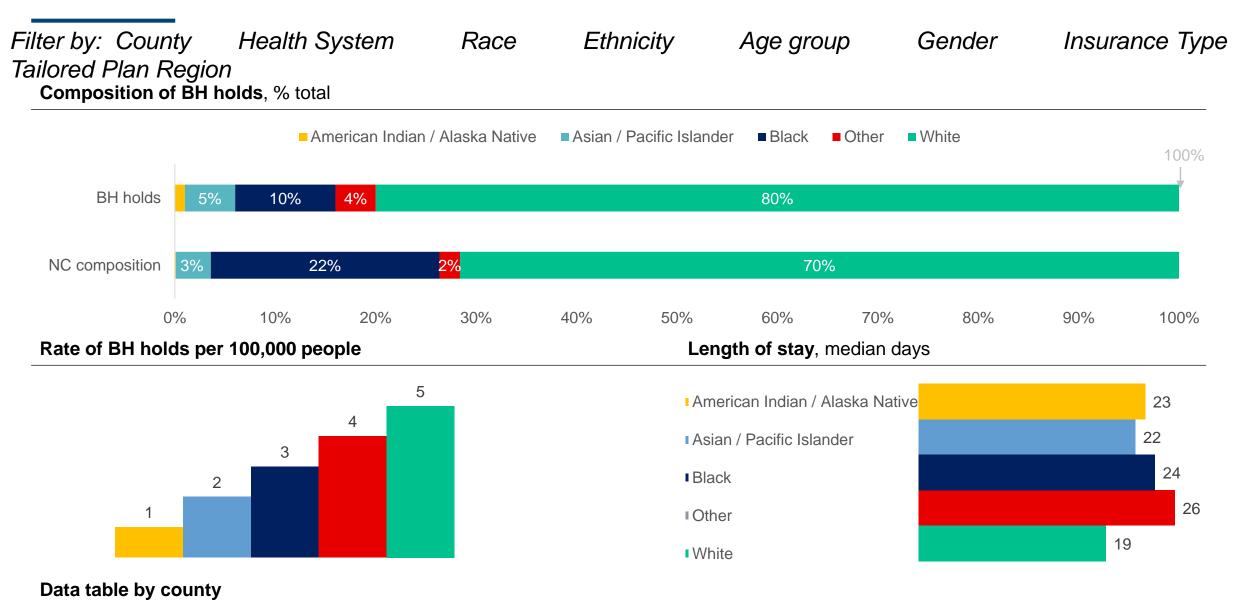
A. OVERVIEW & TRENDS

Illustrative – NOT real BH data



B. BY DEMOGRAPHICS: RACE

Illustrative – NOT real BH data



Grid of data for the metrics above, per race

Thank you!

@jessiet1023