



Zero Trust:

The modern way of achieving the least privilege principles

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Chief Evangelist, APJC
Cloudflare

September 2022, Singapore



Uber details how it got hacked, claims limited damage

While there's no evidence the rideshare company's codebase was altered, the attacker did gain access to Slack, vulnerability reports and financial data.

Published Sept. 19, 2022



[Matt Kapko](#)
Reporter





Troy Hunt ✓

@troyhunt



The @Uber breach reads like a 101 of the modern fundamentals: infected device, stolen credentials, annoying 2FA prompts, privilege escalation, etc

The mechanics of a sophisticated phishing scam and how we stopped it

10/08/2022



Matthew Prince



Daniel Stinson-Diess

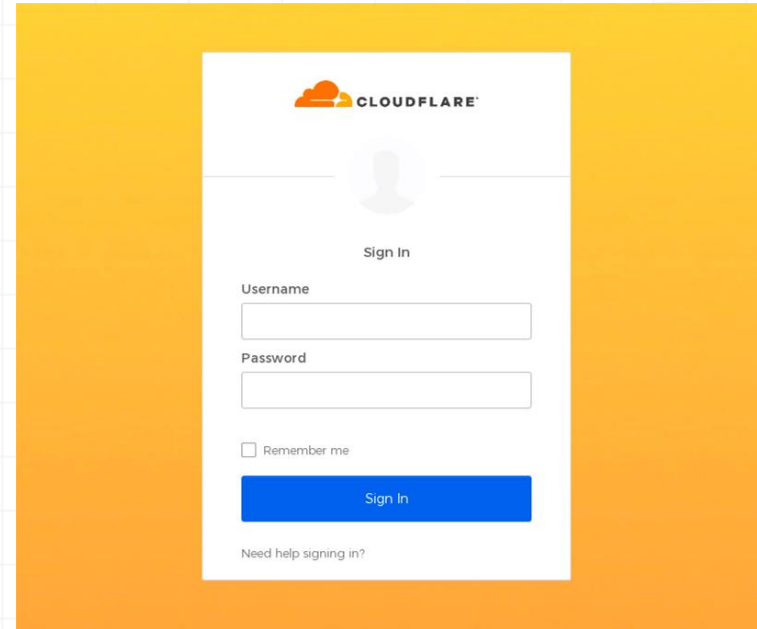
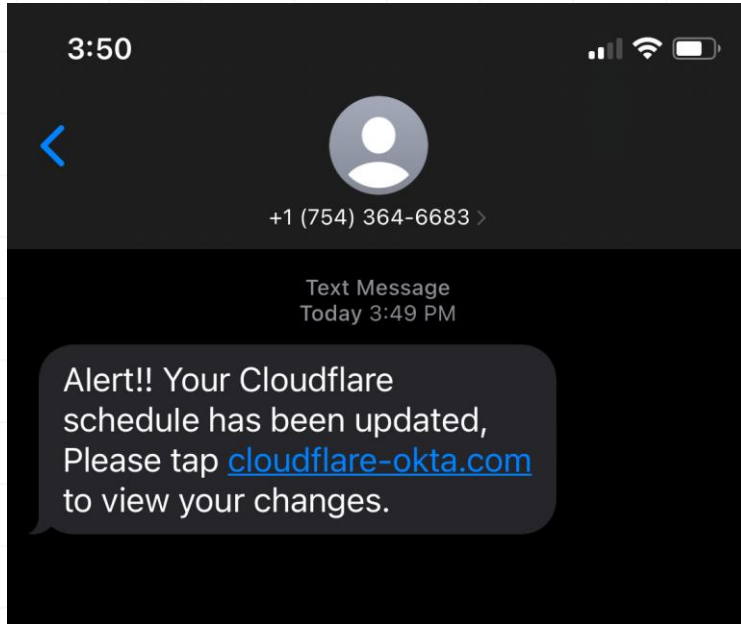


Sourov Zaman

This post is also available in [简体中文](#), [日本語](#) and [Español](#).



What Cloudflare employees saw

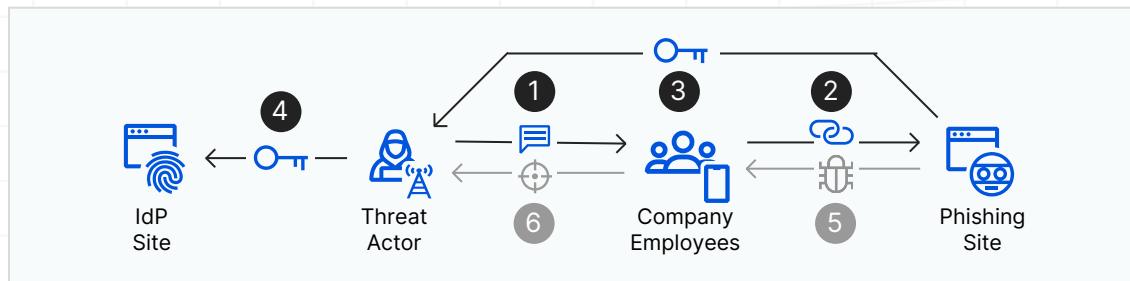


Threat actor attempted cred harvesting playbook but was unsuccessful gaining full access

[1-2] Targeted text messages

[3-4] Sophisticated real-time phishing

[5-6] Remote access payload



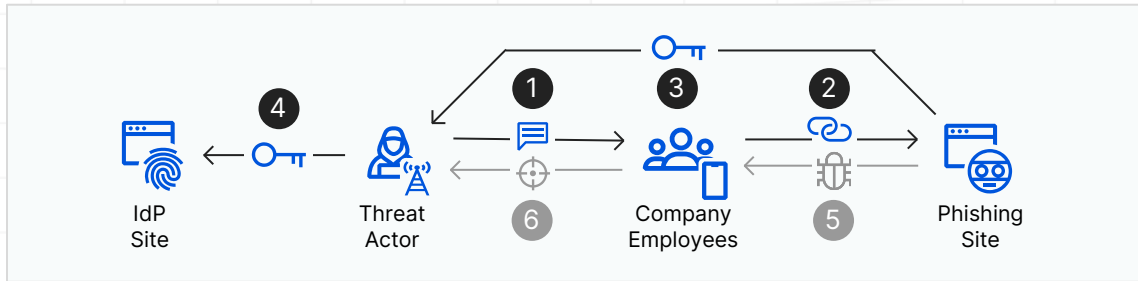
#	What happened
1a	Threat actor sent legitimate-looking malicious SMS
1b	Company employees and family members received SMS on personal & work phone #s
2a	Message included a legitimate-looking newly registered domain (cloudflare-okta.com)
2b	Clicking link opened a legitimate-looking phishing site (Cloudflare Okta login page)
3a	Victim's entered credentials were immediately relayed to the threat actor
4a	Threat actor enters credentials received into actual identity provider (IdP) login site; sending TOTP codes to victims via SMS or mobile app
3b	Victim enters TOTP code on the phishing site, and it too would be relayed to the threat actor
4b	Threat actor enters code in IdP site before it expires
5	Phishing site initiated download of a phishing payload (may have been due to a misconfigured kit)
6	Once software installs, threat actor controls victims' machine remotely

Despite threat actor technical sophistication, Cloudflare was protected as we do not rely on TOTP codes

[1-2] Targeted text messages

[3-4] Sophisticated real-time phishing

[5-6] Remote access payload



#	Technical details
1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● 100+ messages sent from four T-Mobile-issued SIM cards ● 76+ employees received in <1 min
2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Domain registered via "Porkbun" <40 min before phishing campaign to avoid automated detection ● Site had a Nuxt.js frontend, a Django backend, and was hosted on DigitalOcean
3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Telegram messaging service provided real-time relay ● 3 employees reached this step, but did not go further as security keys don't use TOTP
4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Okta generates a TOTP code sent to the employee via SMS or mobile app ● Defeats most 2FA implementations
5	Included AnyDesk remote access software
6	n/a

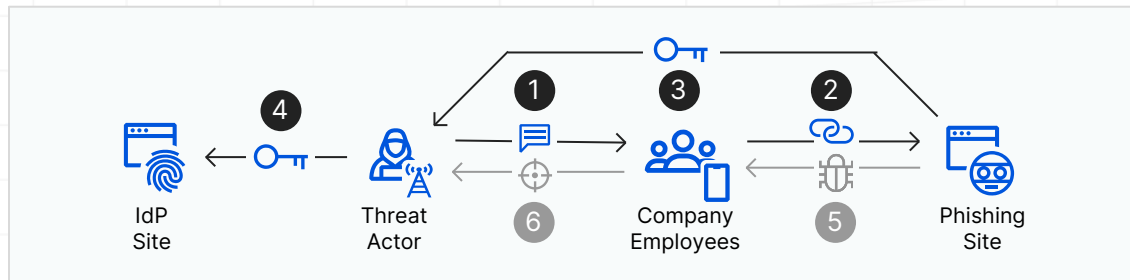
Cloudflare's Zero Trust platform played a role in mitigating this and similar attacks



[1-2] Targeted text messages

[3-4] Sophisticated real-time phishing

[5-6] Remote access payload



#	Our response
1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● 1 min after attack, SIRT was informed; no evidence of compromise via directory provider logs● 9 min after attack, SIRT sent an internal warning to all employees across chat & email
2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● 3 min after attack, SIRT added domain to SWG to block access. Later, isolated access to all newly registered domains and seized control of domain.● 37 min after attack, DigitalOcean shutdown the attacker's server via our collaboration
3	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● 1-37 min after attack, SIRT killed active sessions via ZTNA, plus 48 min after attack, SIRT reset credentials & initiated scans for the identities & devices with unverified 2FA per our activity logs
4	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● Intel from server indicated actor was targeting other orgs, including Twilio, and SIRT shared intel● SIRT blocked IPs used by threat actor from accessing any Cloudflare service
5	n/a
6	Note: Endpoint security used by Cloudflare would have stopped the installation

Reinforced the importance of what we're doing well, and everything you can do, too

- 1 Adopt a phishing-resistant MFA**
Not all MFA provides the same level of security
- 2 Implement selective enforcement**
with identity- and context-centric policies
- 3 Enforce strong auth everywhere**
All users and apps; even legacy non-web systems
- 4 Adopt Zero Trust via one platform**
Easier, faster operations & improved security posture
- 5 Establish paranoid, blame-free culture**
Report suspicions early and often



The Perimeter as we know it, is **under Attack...**

Organizations need to patch Pulse Secure VPNs

Vulnerabilities in Pulse Connect Secure VPN software have reportedly been exploited by attackers, some believed linked to China, to compromise networks.



By Jon Gold
Senior Writer, Network



CYBERSECURITY
& INFRASTRUCTURE
SECURITY AGENCY



Alerts and Tips Resources Industrial Control Systems

National Cyber Awareness System > Alerts >

Critical Vulnerability in Citrix Application Delivery Controller, Gateway, and SD-WAN WANOP

Alert (AA20-020A)

Critical Vulnerability in Citrix Application Delivery Controller, Gateway, and SD-WAN WANOP

Original release date: January 20, 2020 | Last revised: May 21, 2020

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National Cyber Awareness System > Current Activity Landing > Vulnerabilities in Multiple VPN Applications

Vulnerabilities in Multiple VPN Applications

Original release date: July 26, 2019 | Last revised: July 30, 2019

Cisco Fixes 10.0 CVSS-Scored RCE Bug Affecting Its ASA Software



DAVID BISSON

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JAN 30, 2018

LATEST SECURITY NEWS

Cisco has patched a remote code execution (RCE) vulnerability bearing a "perfect" CVSS score of 10.0 that affects its Adaptive Security Appliance (ASA) software.

On 29 January, the American multinational technology conglomerate publicly recognized the security issue (CVE-2018-0101) and revealed that it affects the ASA software found in the following 10 Cisco products:

- 3000 Series Industrial Security Appliance (ISA)
- ASA 5500 Series Adaptive Security Appliances
- ASA 5500-X Series Next-Generation Firewalls

multiple Virtual Private Network
ted system. CISA encourages

... and so are the apps **inside the corporate environment**

DARKReading |

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RISK

4/19/2021
10:00 AM



Kurt John
Commentary

SolarWinds: A Catalyst for Change & a Cry for Collaboration

Cybersecurity is more than technology or safeguards like zero trust; mostly, it's about collaboration.

The **Record.**
BY RECORDED FUTURE

FEATURED

TECHNOLOGY

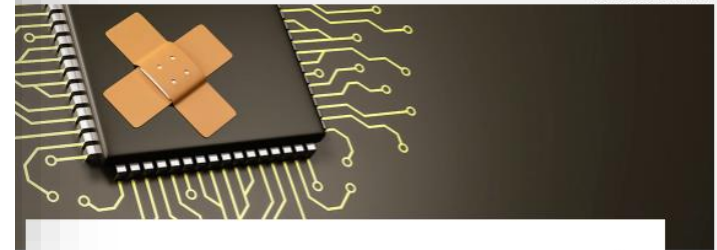
SAP systems usually come under attack 72 hours after a patch

By Catalin Cimpanu · April 6, 2021

ComputerWeekly.com



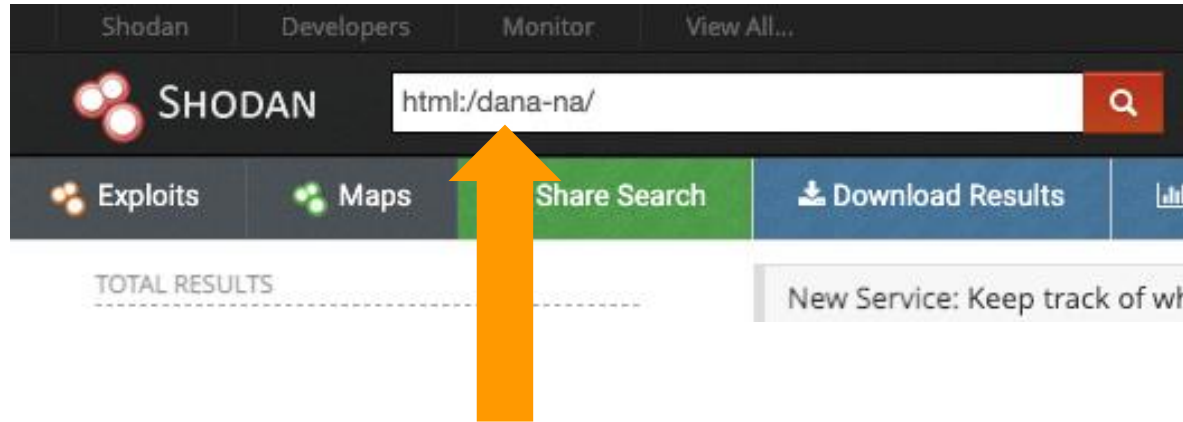
MR - STOCK.ADOBE.COM



NSA unearths more MS Exchange vulnerabilities

Microsoft patches more critical vulnerabilities in Exchange Server a month after the ProxyLogon incident, after being warned by the US National Security Agency

In most cases, you **become a target by accident...**

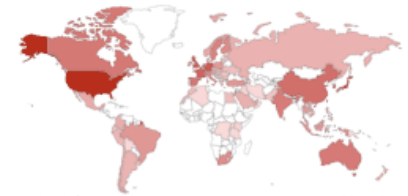


Sample Query for Pulse Secure

TOTAL RESULTS

40,773

TOP COUNTRIES



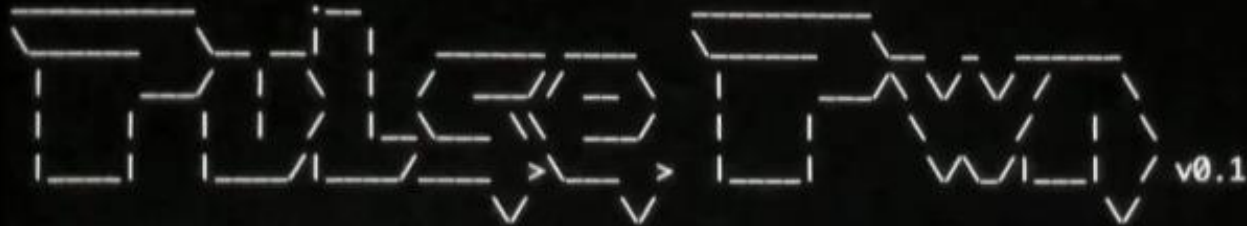
United States	11,531
Japan	3,455
Germany	2,634
United Kingdom	2,361
France	2,021

TOP SERVICES

HTTPS	40,048
HTTP	106
HTTP (8080)	56
Qconn	40
HTTPS (8443)	32

In most cases, you **become a target by accident...**

```
meh@ubuntu16:~/pulse_demo$ python pulse_pwn.py https://[redacted]
```



```
[*] Checking environment
[*] Date = Thu, 13 Dec 2018 05:34:28 GMT
[*] Version = 9.0.3.64015
[*] OK, [redacted] is vulnerable
[*]
[*] Exploiting CVE-2019-11510 arbitrary file reading
[*] Extract admin name = [orange]
[*] Extract admin hash = [b6a5a868b1befadee21b632b76ff73d9c294a43563646abf70bb88d2373ac9c5]
[-] Could not find plaintext password in cache :(
[*] Extract admin DSID = [31a8ae6051a44eca74de8bcd159b0462]
```

```
meh@ubuntu16:~/pulse_demo$
```

Patching Vulnerabilities **takes TIME...**

9.8

CVSS Score

7%

Australia

12%

USA

13%

Singapore

23%

India

% of devices still vulnerable **5 months** after patch released



Zero Trust is a mindset shift



Never trust, always verify

Assume risk & reduce impact

Default deny + least privilege access

Context based (identity, posture etc)

Prevent lateral movement

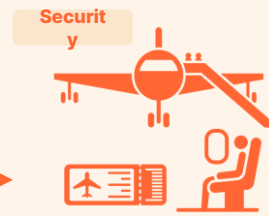
Air Travel



- Purpose
- Identity



- Baggage
- Traveler



- Boarding
- Seat



- Fun
- Recharge

✓ Validate/
Verify

✓ Posture Check

✓ Authorize

✓ Objective

Zero Trust



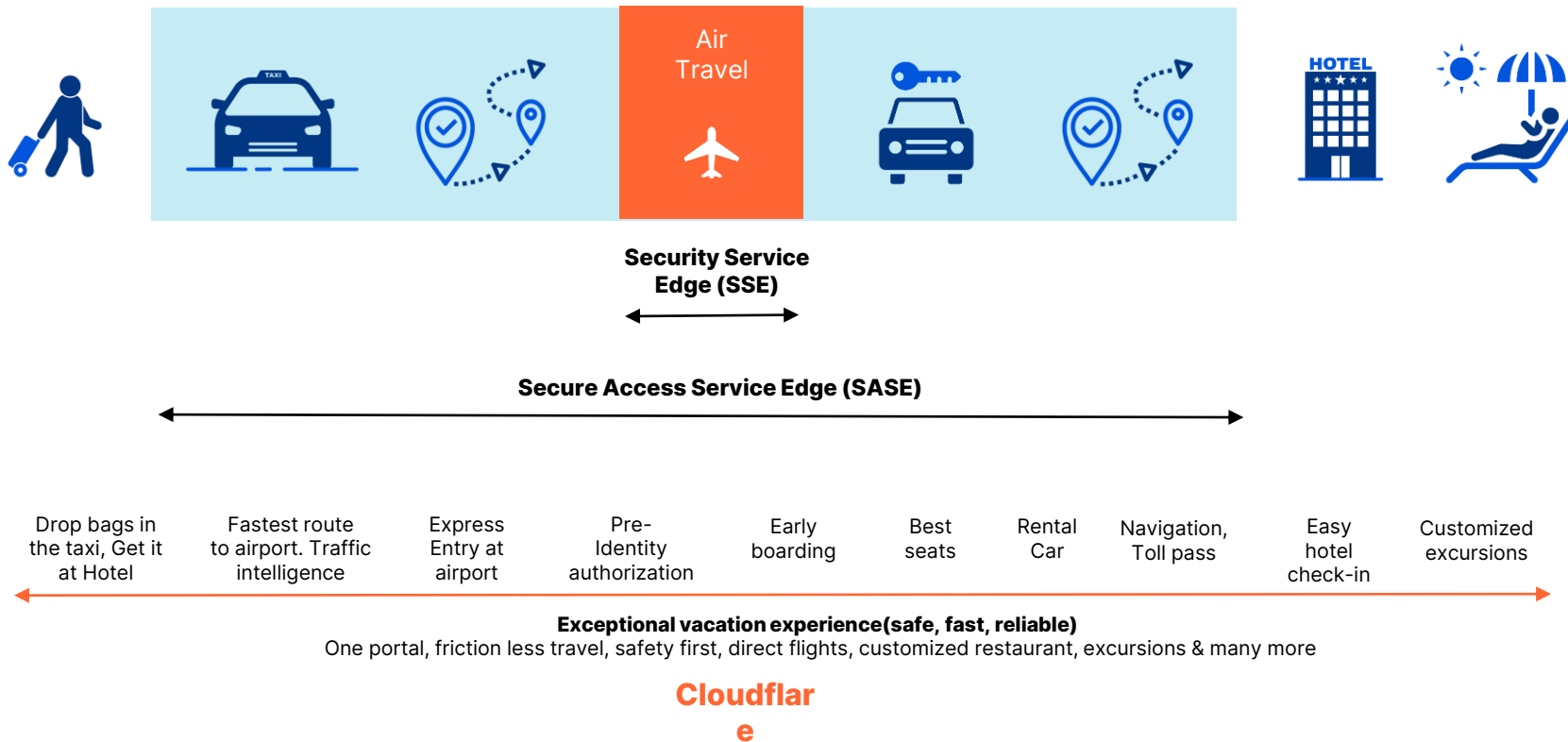
- Context
- Identity (requestor)

- Posture check
- Isolation

- No lateral movement
- Micro segmentation

- Enables Any-to-Any
- Protect Users Device & Apps

For analogy purpose only



For analogy purpose only

The Cloudflare global network



275+

cities in 100+ countries,
including mainland China

11,000+

networks directly connect
to Cloudflare, including ISPs,
cloud providers & large enterprises

155 Tbps

of network edge capacity
& growing



● = Cloudflare city (Map data as of December 15, 2021)



Cloudflare
Zero Trust Services



Cloudflare
Network Services



Cloudflare
Application Services

1

Cloudflare One



Zero Trust Network Access



Secure Web Gateway



Cloud Access Security Broker



Cloud Email Security



Remote Browser Isolation



Data Loss Prevention



WAN-as-a-Service



Firewall-as-a-Service



L3 & L4 DDoS Protection



Network Interconnect



Smart Routing



WAF and API Gateway



Rate Limiting



Load Balancing



Bot Management



L7 DDoS Protection



CDN and DNS



Cloudflare Edge
Developer Platform



Workers



Workers KV



Pages



Durable Objects



Video Streaming



Cloudflare
Global Network



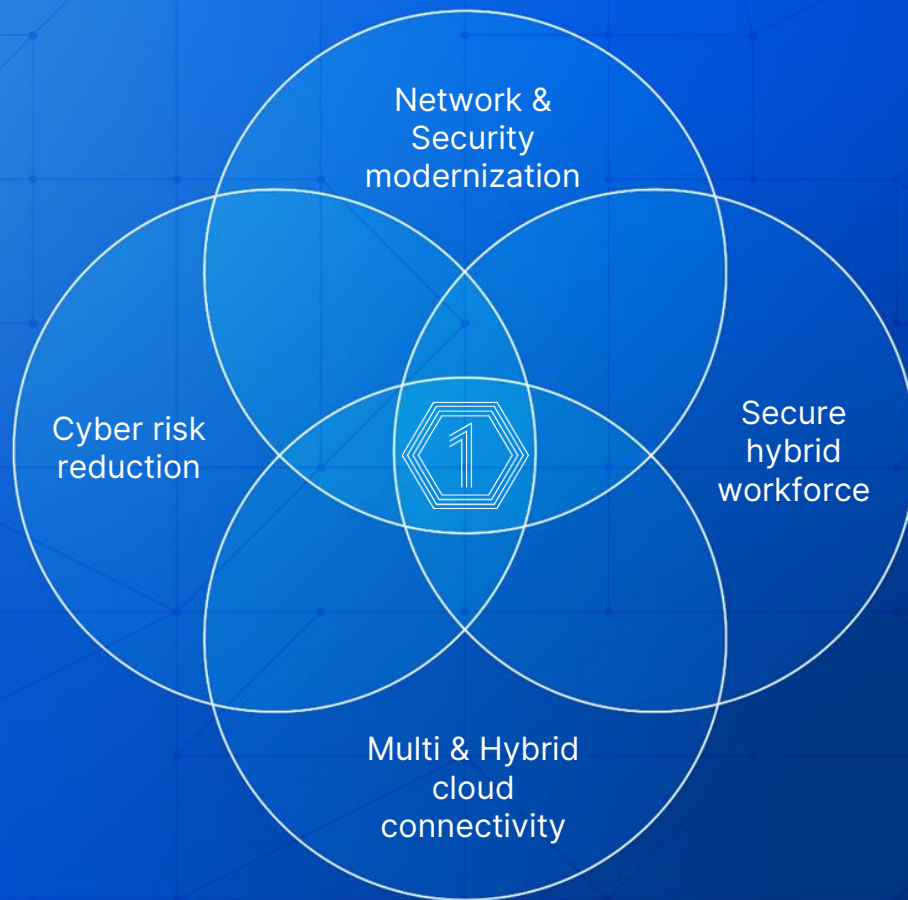
Global Edge: 275 cities, 95% of population within 50ms, 11000 interconnects, 155 Tbps capacity, China Network

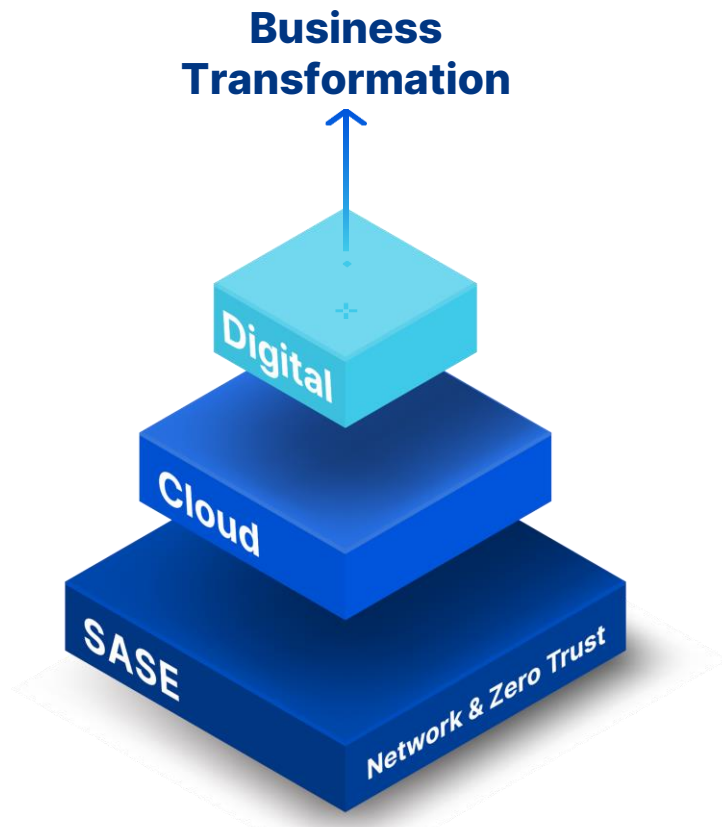


Building Blocks: SSL/TLS, mTLS, Authoritative/Recursive DNS, DNSSEC, DNS over HTTP, L4-7 over Wireguard



Compliance/Privacy: FedRAMP, ISO, SOC, PCI, GDPR compliant, Logs & Analytics, Data Localization Suite





There is no longer a business & technology strategy.
There is a strategy & technology is driving it.

**Data
Is the
new oil**

Network

**Actionable
Insights**

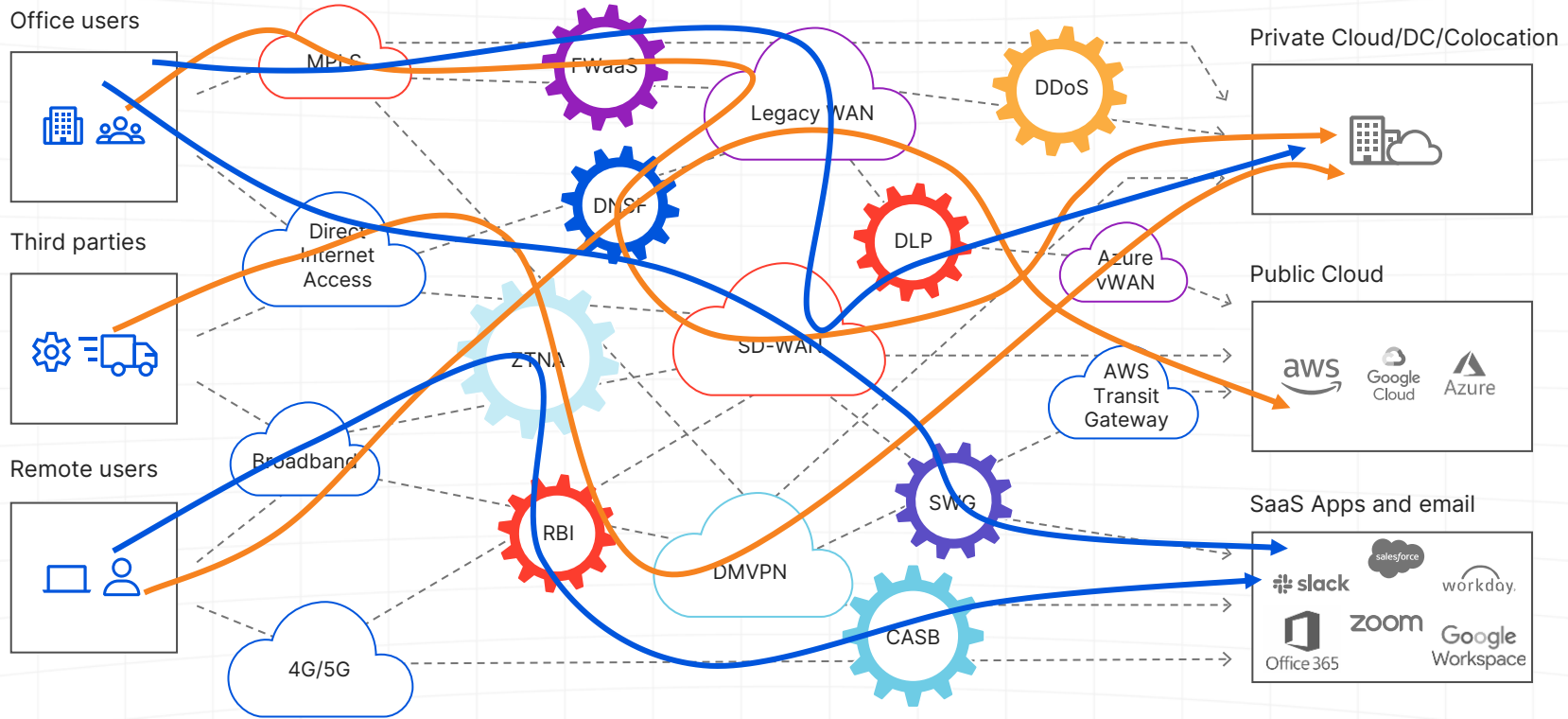
Optimize
business
operations

Increased
speed
to market

Re-imagine
user
experience

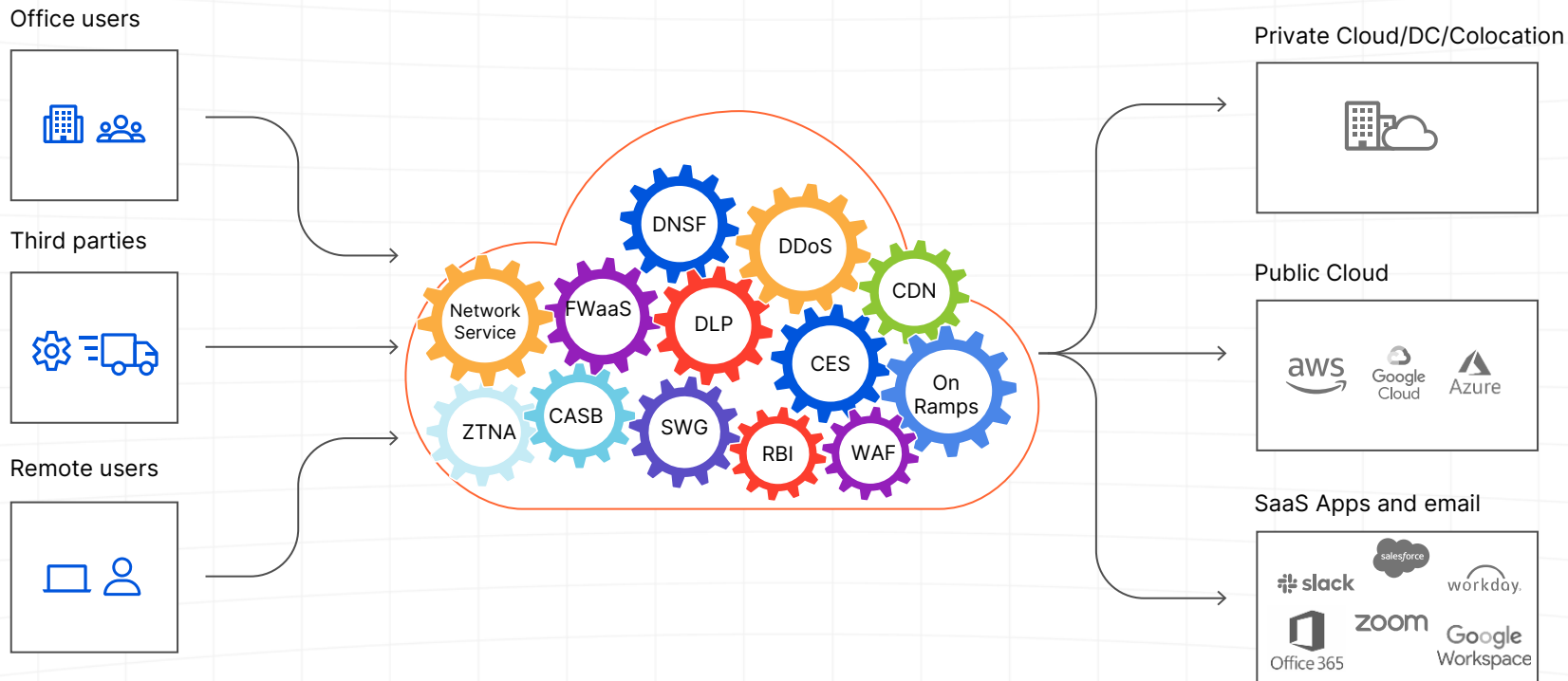
New
revenue
streams

Legacy networks & products are not built to support your digital future



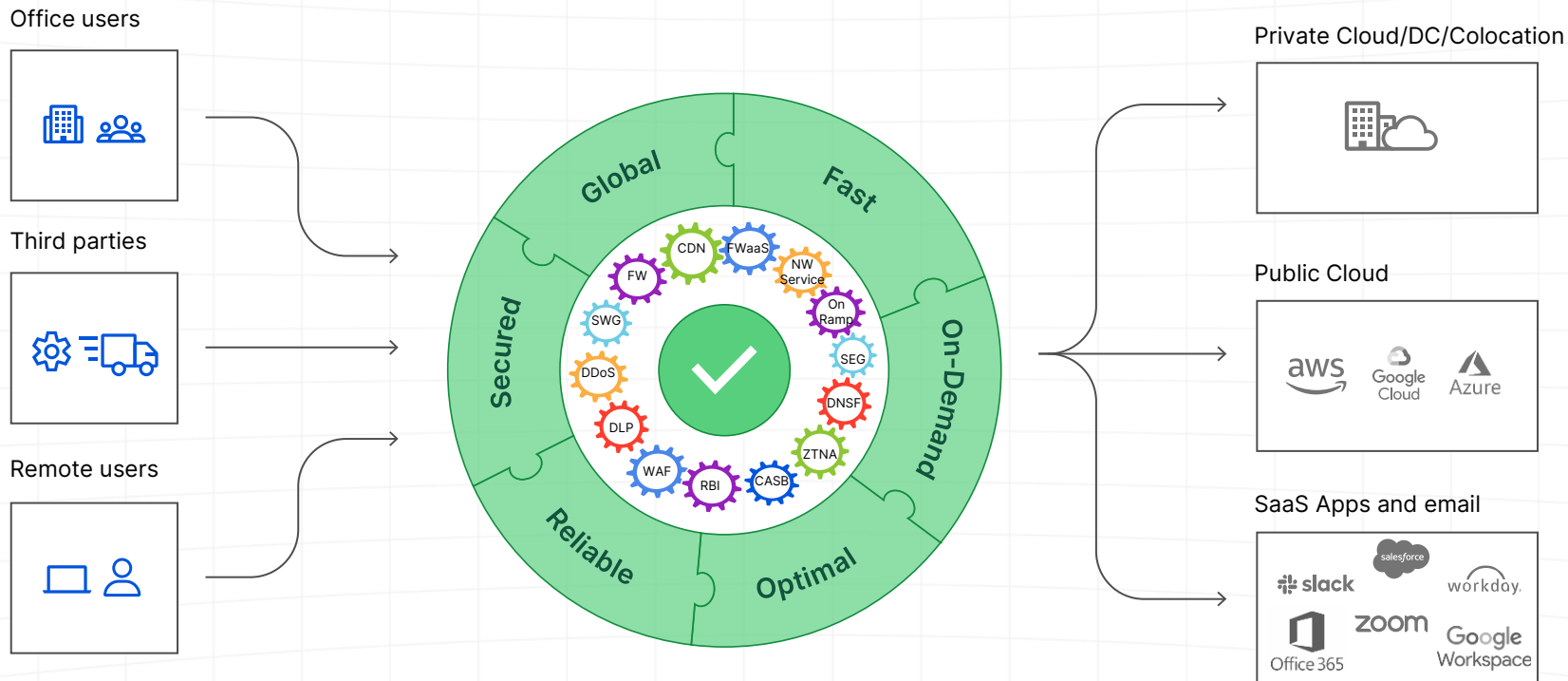
Cybersecurity fatigue is a growing concerns

Solution for future success?



Any-to-Any | End-to-End | Internet Native | Single Platform | Composable Services

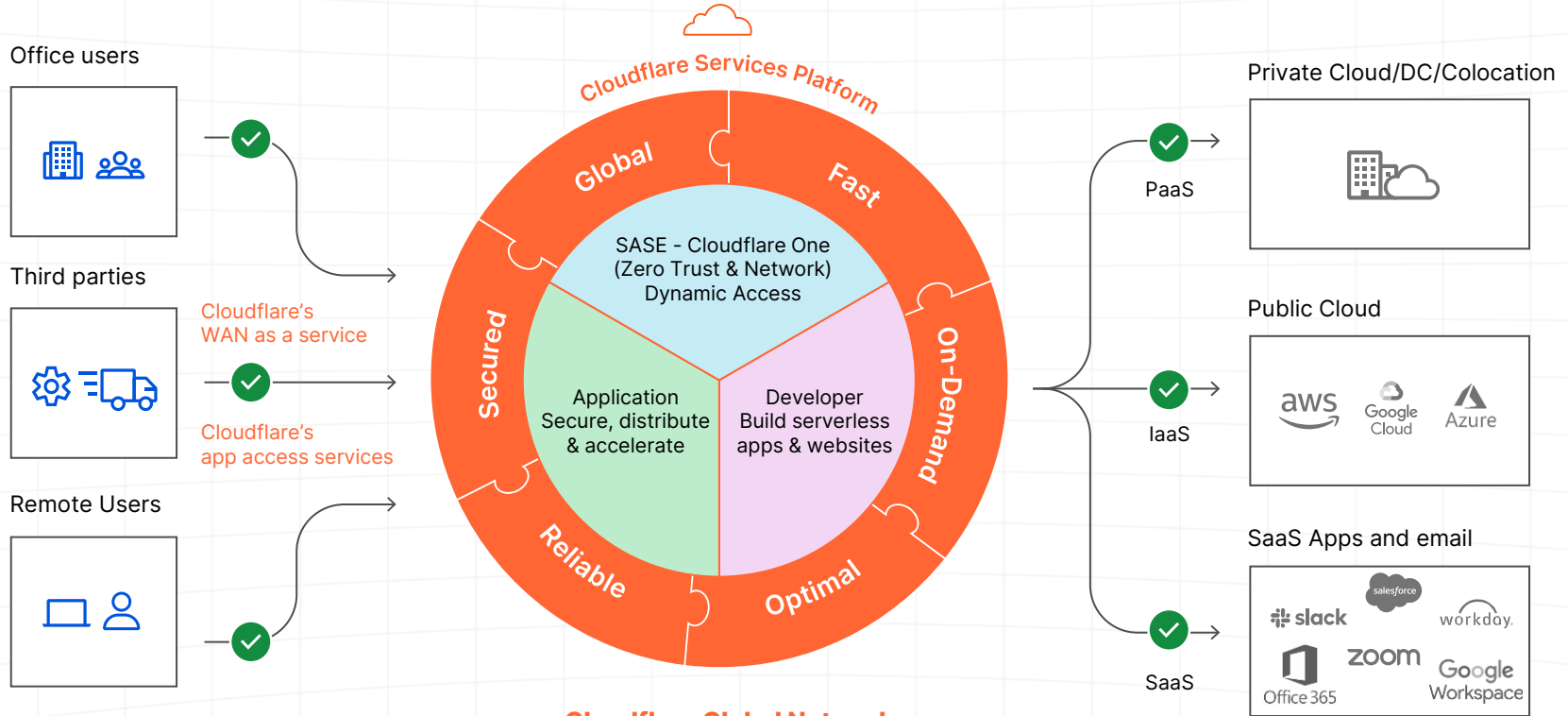
Solution for future success?



Path to the cloud needs to have same characteristics as the cloud

Cloudflare is secure, fast, reliable, any-to-any & end-to-end, composable

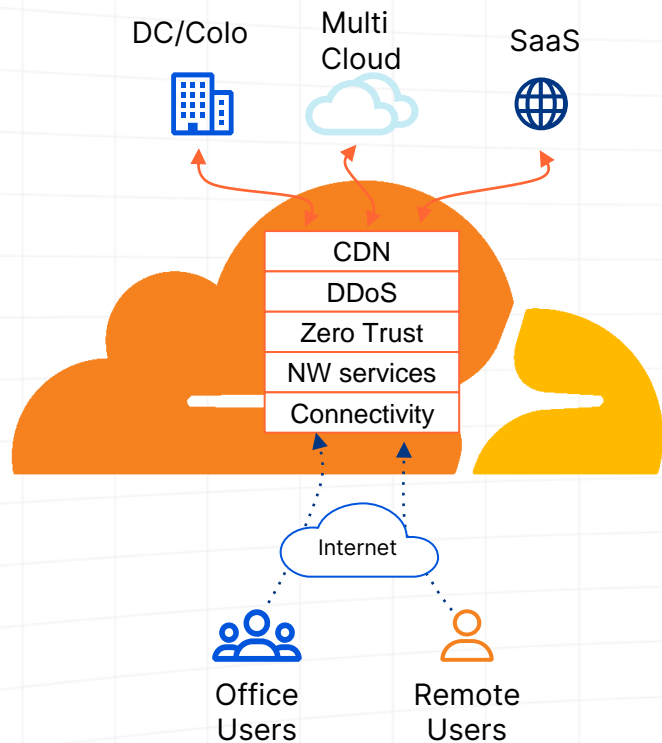
One management plane, One control plane to one data plane with single-pass inspection



Cloudflare Global Network

275 cities (100 countries) • ~50ms from 95% of Internet population
11,000 interconnects • 155 Tbps capacity network onramps

Cloudflare enables safe experience for corporate apps



Simplify application access

Distribute(CDN) & protect applications

Apply consistent ZT based policies

Protect users and endpoints

Enhance end user experience

Business drivers and Zero Trust outcomes

Discover & monitor
attack surface

Authorize access
based on context,
reduce blast radius

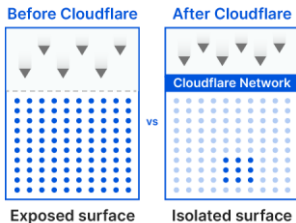
Ensure plug & play
infrastructure

Manage IT
fatigue

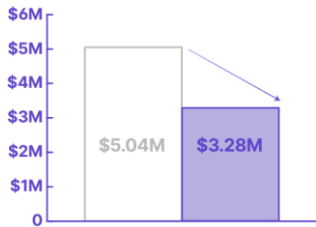
Improve customer
experience

1. **Reduce
attack surface**
91% ↓

▼ = Attacks
• = Your network, devices & data



2. **Reduce
incident costs**
35% ↓



3. **Accelerate
onboarding**
60% ↑



4. **Reduce
IT tickets**
80% ↓



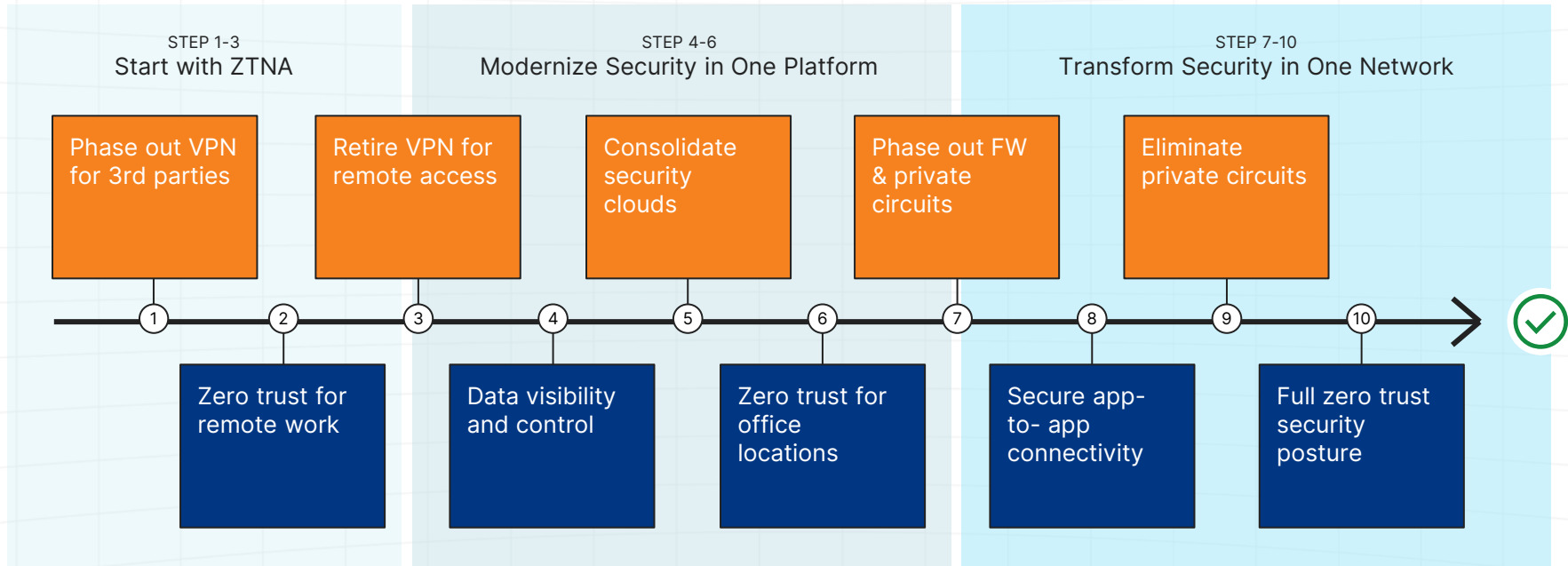
5. **Reduce
latency**
39% ↓





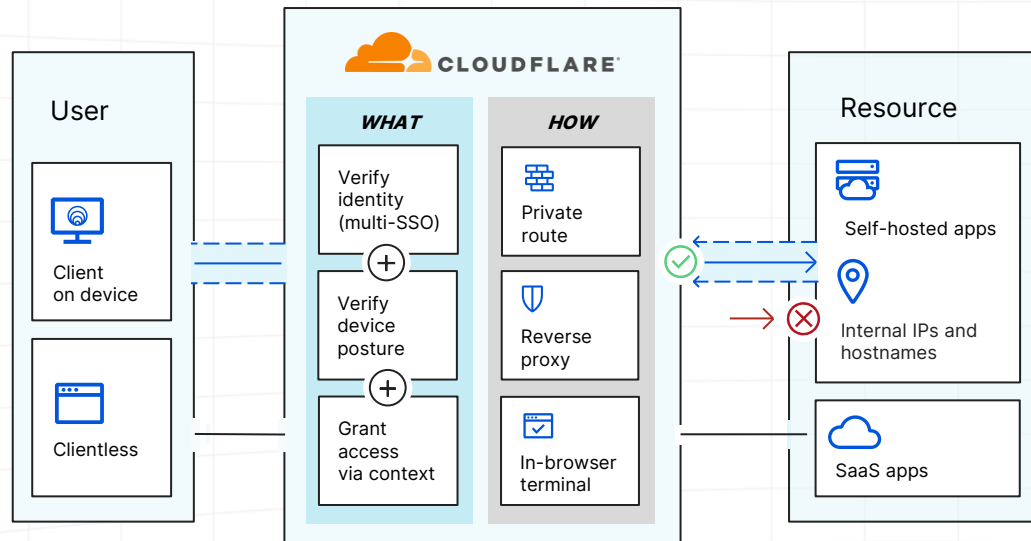
Recommendations
for a successful
Zero Trust journey

A common roadmap to Zero Trust, and eventually a complete SASE transformation



 Security Policy  Infrastructure Consolidation

VPN replacement and augmentation



Zero Trust Network Access

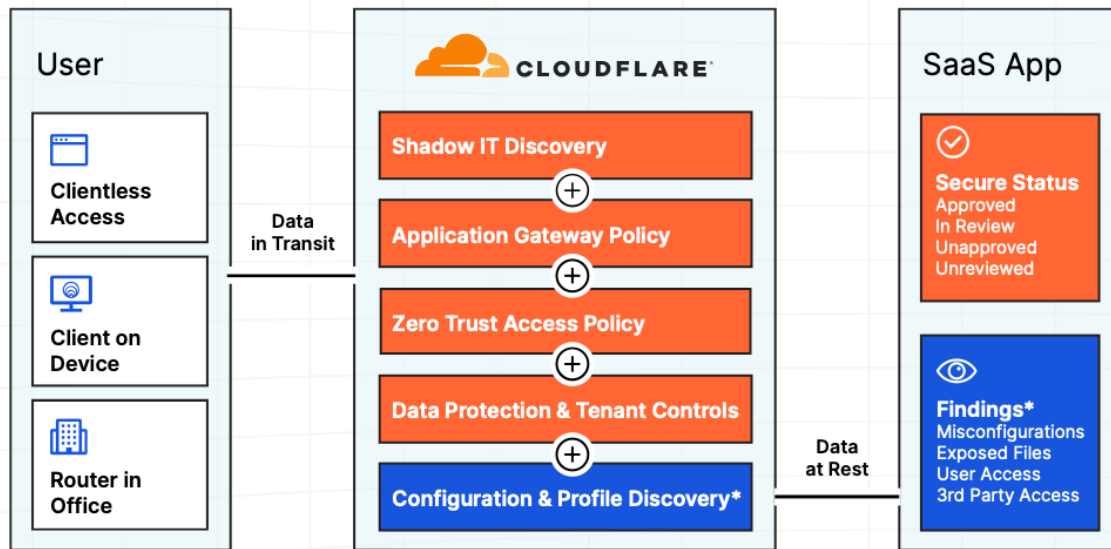
Simplifies remote access

Improves user experience

Eliminates lateral movement

Built-in DDoS & FW protection

Streamline SaaS security



 Via Proxy  Via API

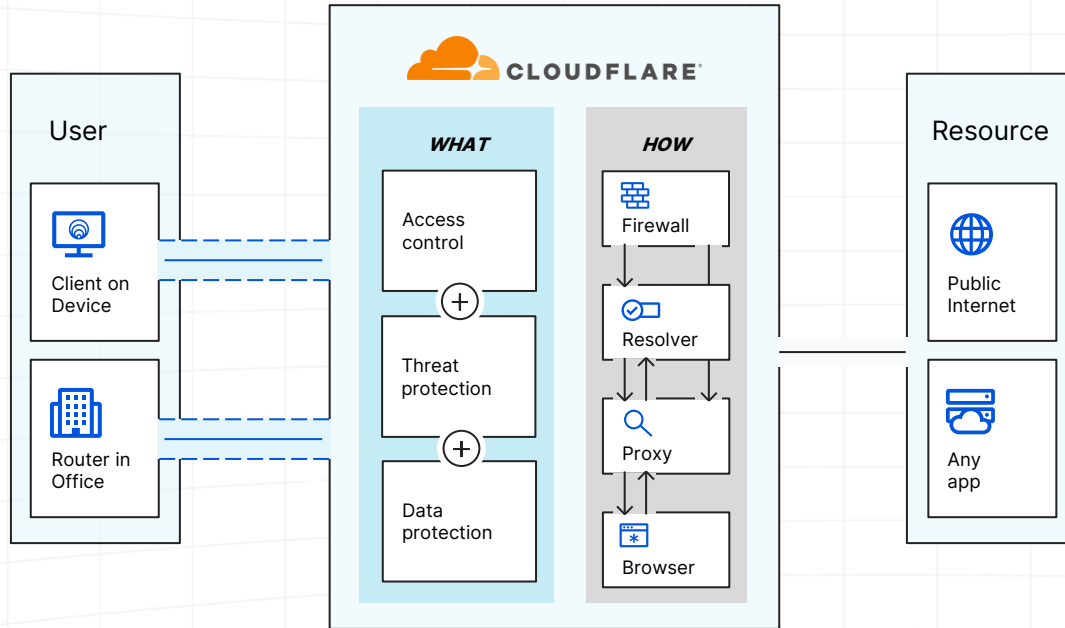
Cloud Access Security Broker

More visibility, less config

Prevent data exfiltration

Quickly identify new risks

Internet threat and data protection



Secure Web Gateway

Simplify policy compliance

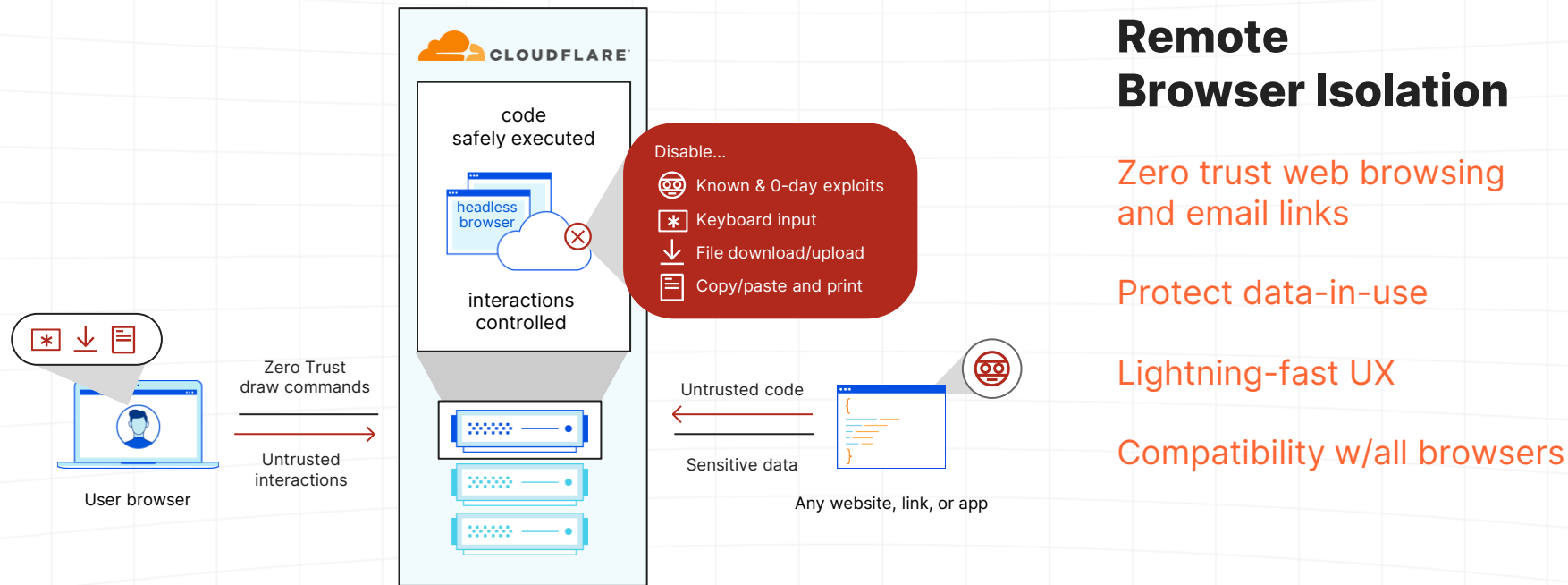
Stop ransomware

Stop phishing

Stop shadow IT

Stop unknown threats

Perfect and simplify protection



Remote Browser Isolation

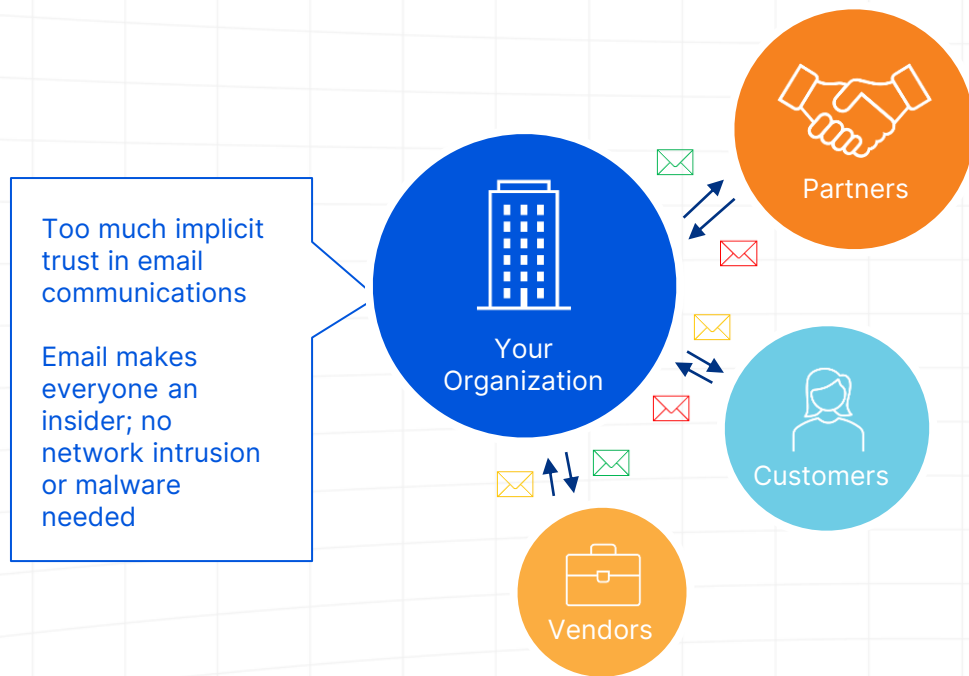
Zero trust web browsing and email links

Protect data-in-use

Lightning-fast UX

Compatibility w/all browsers

Extending Zero Trust principles to email



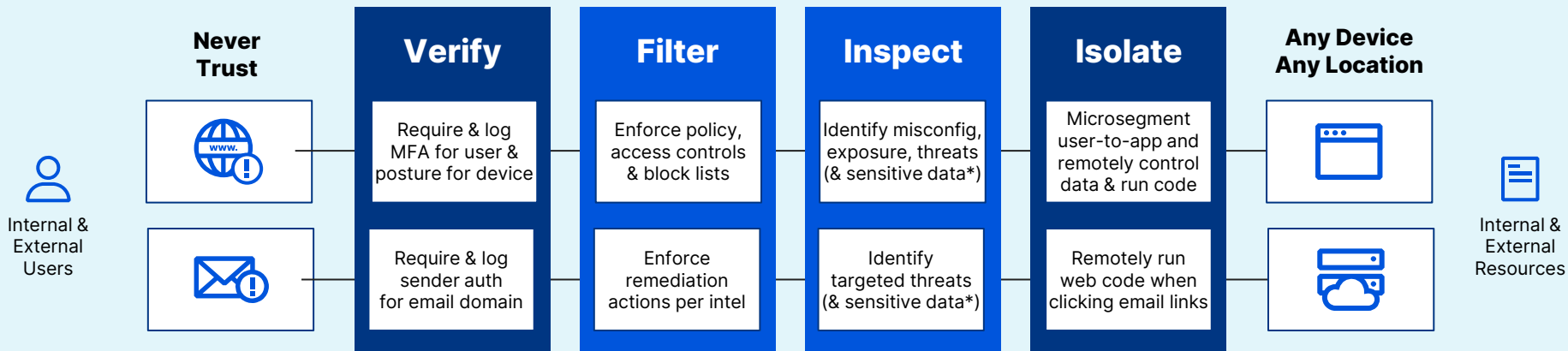
Cloud Email Security with RBI integration

Stop multi-channel phishing
attacks pre/at/post-delivery

Stop BEC attacks using
contextual relationships

Eliminate lateral movement
across inboxes

Zero Trust for all internal and external network, web and email traffic



Roadmap to Zero Trust architecture

Component	Goal	Level of Effort
Phase 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Internet traffic: Deploy global DNS filtering Applications: Monitor inbound emails and filter out phishing attempts DLP & logs: Identify misconfig and publicly shared data in SaaS tools 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1 bar 1 bar 1 bar
Phase 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Users: Establish corporate identity Users: Enforce basic MFA for all applications Applications: Enforce HTTPS and DNSsec Internet traffic: Block or isolate threats behind SSL Applications: ZT policy enforcement for publicly addressable apps Applications: Protect applications from layer 7 attacks Networks: Close all inbound ports open to the Internet for app delivery 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 2 bars 1 bar 1 bar 2 bars 1 bar 1 bar 1 bar
Phase 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Applications: Inventory all corporate applications Applications: ZT policy enforcement for SaaS applications Networks: Segment user network access Applications: ZTNA for critical privately addressable applications Devices: Implement MDM/UEM to control corporate devices DLP & logs: Define what data is sensitive and where it exists Users: Send out hardware based authentication tokens DLP & logs: Stay up to date on known threat actors 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 2 bars 2 bars 3 bars 1 bar 2 bars 2 bars 1 bar 1 bar
Phase 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Users: Enforce hardware token based MFA Applications: ZT policy enforcement and network access for all applications DLP & logs: Establish a SOC for log review, policy updates and mitigation Devices: Implement endpoint protection Devices: Inventory all corporate devices, APIs and services Networks: Use broadband Internet for branch to branch connectivity DLP & logs: Log and review employee activity on sensitive apps DLP & logs: Stop sensitive data from leaving your applications Steady state: DevOps approach for policy enforcement of new resources Steady state: Implement auto-scaling for on-ramp resources 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 2 bars 3 bars 2 bars 1 bar 1 bar 3 bars 2 bars 2 bars 2 bars 2 bars

Details @ zerotrustroadmap.org



Thank you!

